

User Manual

Wireless N Quadband HD Media Router

DIR-857

Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	October 25, 2011	• Initial release

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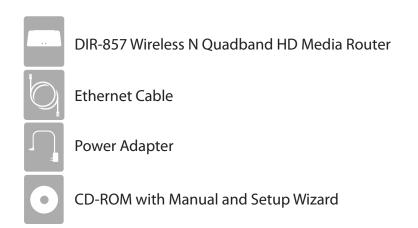
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Package Contents



If any of the above items are missing, please contact your reseller.

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-857 will cause damage and void the warranty.

System Requirements

Network Requirements	 An Ethernet-based Cable or DSL modem IEEE 802.11n or 802.11g wireless clients IEEE 802.11a wireless clients 10/100/1000 Ethernet
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	 Computer with the following: Windows®, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system An installed Ethernet adapter Browser Requirements: Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher Chrome 2.0 or higher Firefox 3.0 or higher Safari 3.0 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher) Windows® Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.
CD Installation Wizard Requirements	Computer with the following: • Windows [®] 7, Vista [®] , or XP with Service Pack 2 • An installed Ethernet adapter • CD-ROM drive

Introduction

TOTAL PERFORMANCE

Combines award winning router features and 802.11a/n/g wireless technology to provide the best wireless performance.

TOTAL SECURITY

The most complete set of security features including Active Firewall and WPA2[™] to protect your network against outside intruders.

TOTAL COVERAGE

Provides greater wireless signal rates even at farther distances for best-in-class Whole Home Coverage.

ULTIMATE PERFORMANCE

The D-Link Wireless N Quadband HD Media Router (DIR-857) is a 802.11n/802.11a compliant device that delivers real world performance of up to 13x faster than an 802.11g wireless connection (also faster than a 100Mbps wired Ethernet connection). Create a secure wireless network to share photos, files, music, video, printers, and network storage throughout your home. Connect the Wireless N Quadband HD Media Router to a cable or DSL modem and share your high-speed Internet access with everyone on the network. In addition, this Router includes a Quality of Service (QoS) engine that keeps digital phone calls (VoIP) and online gaming smooth and responsive, providing a better Internet experience.

EXTENDED WHOLE HOME COVERAGE

This high performance router provides superior Whole Home Coverage while reducing dead spots. The Wireless N Quadband HD Media Router is designed for use in bigger homes and for users who demand higher performance networking. Add a notebook or desktop adapter and stay connected to your network from virtually anywhere in your home.

TOTAL NETWORK SECURITY

The Wireless N Quadband HD Media Router supports all of the latest wireless security features to prevent unauthorized access, be it from over the wireless network or from the Internet. Support for WPA standards ensure that you'll be able to use the best possible encryption method, regardless of your client devices. In addition, this Wireless N Quadband HD Media Router utilizes dual active firewalls (SPI and NAT) to prevent potential attacks from across the Internet.

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

Features

- Faster Wireless Networking The DIR-857 provides up to 900Mbps* wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. This capability allows users to participate in real-time activities online, such as video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio. The performance of this 802.11n wireless router gives you the freedom of wireless networking at speeds 13x faster than 802.11g.
- **Compatible with 802.11a/g Devices** The DIR-857 is still fully compatible with the IEEE 802.11g and 802.11a standards, so it can connect with existing 802.11g and 802.11a PCI, USB, and Cardbus adapters.
- Advanced Firewall Features The Web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features including:
 - Content Filtering Easily applied content filtering based on MAC Address, URL, and/or Domain Name.
 - Filter Scheduling These filters can be scheduled to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
 - Secure Multiple/Concurrent Sessions The DIR-857 can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPSec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-857 can securely access corporate networks.
- User-friendly Setup Wizard Through its easy-to-use Web-based user interface, the DIR-857 lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

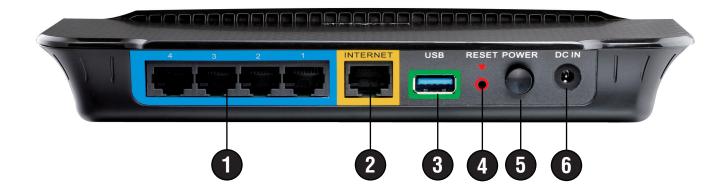
* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

- Fast and Guarantee Wireless Streaming for Video Quality Whether set-top box or gaming console streaming media directly from the Internet, a NAS or PC, these devices share in common the need to connect with a router in order to communicate and establish the wireless media stream. The DIR-857 offers stability, fast wireless, and guaranteed performance for media streaming using the newest streaming engine technology.
- Storage for Photos and Streaming Music/Video A compact SD Card can be placed inside this router to act as network storage. Without any cumbersome cables or protruding antennas, you can wirelessly share this disk space among family members, stream stored music and video to media players attached to stereo systems or TV, and provide remote access to your personal documents from the Internet.
- Share Multifunction Printers and Direct Connection to USB Storage Through the SharePort[™] Plus Utility, you can connect multifunction printers to the USB ports to share printing and scanning functions among family members.

Other Features Include -

- Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) Push Button
- UPnP Support
- SD Card Slot to share music/video/images
- HD Fuel[™] for smooth video streaming and online gaming
- D-Link Green[™]
- Wi-PnP for easy wireless setup (required USB thumb drive)
- Supports IPv6
- True Gigabit Routing Connectivity

Hardware Overview Connections



1	LAN Ports (1-4)	Connect Ethernet devices such as computers, switches, and hubs.
2 Internet Port The auto MDI/MDIX Internet port is the connection for the Etherner or DSL modem.		The auto MDI/MDIX Internet port is the connection for the Ethernet cable to the cable or DSL modem.
3	3 USB Connect a USB 1.1, 2.0, or 3.0 flash drive to configure the wireless settings using V	
4	4 Reset Press and hold the reset button to restore the router to its original factory setting	
5	Power Button	Press the power button to power on and off.
6	Power Receptor	Receptor for the supplied power adapter.

Hardware Overview Front View



1	WPS Button	Press this button to add your device to an existing network or to create a new network. Power LED will blink on and off when WPS button is pressed
2	SD Card Port	Insert your SD Card for sharing multimedia files such as video, music, and images. You may access the files on the SD card by opening a web browser and enter \\ dlinkrouter . The power LED will be blinking blue when the SD card is in use. Note that removing the SD card while the power LED is blinking will damage your SD card. Currently FAT and FAT32 file formats support full read/write access to the SD card. Other formats may only support read-only.

LEDs



1	Power LED	A solid light indicates a proper connection to the power supply.
2	Internet LED	A solid light indicates connection on the Internet port. This LED blinks during data transmission. A solid blue light indicates that there is an Internet connection, an orange light indicates that there is none.

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

Before you Begin

Please configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. Also, you can only use the Ethernet port on your modem. If you were using the USB connection before using the router, then you must turn off your modem, disconnect the USB cable and connect an Ethernet cable to the Internet port on the router, and then turn the modem back on. In some cases, you may need to call your ISP to change connection types (USB to Ethernet).

If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, make sure you disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoet, Broadjump, or Enternet 300 from your computer or you will not be able to connect to the Internet.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- 1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3. Building Materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
- 4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
- 5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone in not in use.

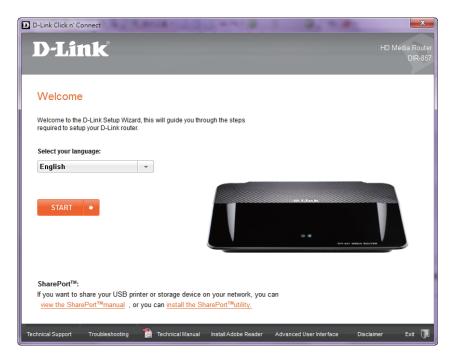
Getting Started

The DIR-857 includes a Quick Router Setup Wizard CD. Follow the simple steps below to run the Setup Wizard to guide you quickly through the installation process.

Insert the **Wizard CD** in the CD-ROM drive. The step-by-step instructions that follow are shown in Windows[®] XP. The steps and screens are similar for the other Windows operating systems.

If the CD Autorun function does not automatically start on your computer, go to **Start** > **Run**. In the run box type "**D**:**autorun.exe**" (where **D**: represents the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive).

When the autorun screen appears, click **START.**



Note: It is recommended to write down the SSID and Security Key, followed by the login password on the provided CD holder.

Configuration

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link wireless router using the web-based configuration utility.

Quick Setup Wizard

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).

You may also connect using the NetBIOS name in the address bar (http://dlinkrouter).

This wizard is designed to guide you through a step-by step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

Click Next to continue.





Please wait while your router detects your internet connection type.

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION	
Router is detecting your Internet connection type, please wait	
Prev Next Cancel	

Please give your network a name using up to 32 characters.

Click **Next** to continue.

In order to secure your	new	networking	device,	please	enter	а
password and click Next.						

dlink	(Using up to 32 characters)
Wi-Fi Password :	
	(Between 8 and 63 characters)
Give your Wi-Fi network a Wi-Fi Network Name (SSII	name and a password. (5GHz Band))) :
dlink_media	(Using up to 32 characters)
Wi-Fi Password :	

STEP 3: SET YOUR PASSWOR	RD
to the Web-based configuration a password below, and enabling	uter does not have a password configured for administrator access pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verify CAPTCHA Graphical Authentication provides added security ized online users and hacker software from accessing your network
Password :	
Verify Password :	
Enable Graphical Authentication :	
	Prev Next Cancel

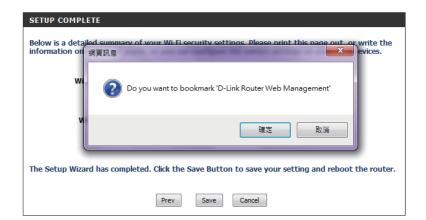
D-Link DIR-857 User Manual

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and click **Next** to continue.

Once this screen appears, your setup is complete. Click **Save & Connect** to reboot the router.

Before your router reboots, you will be asked if you want to bookmark 'D-Link Router Web Management," click Ok to finish.

	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US/Canada), Tijuana
	Prev Next Cancel
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Web-based Configuration Utility

LOGIN

Log in

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).

You may also connect using the NetBIOS name in the address bar (http://dlinkrouter).

Select **Admin** from the drop-down menu and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.

If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.

	1 —				1 -
l i					
to the rou	tor				
lo ine rou	ter:				
	I	User Name : Admi	in 🔽		
		Password :			

Log In



Setup Wizard

Internet Connection

Click **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** to quickly configure your router. Skip to the next page.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Configuration** and skip to page 15.

Wireless Settings

Click Wireless Connection Setup Wizard to begin. Skip to page 81.

If you want to add your wireless clients to your router using WPS, click **Add Wireless Device with WPS** and skip to page 74.

If you want to configure your wireless settings manually, click **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** and skip to page 21.



WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in your wireless network setup. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to set up your wireless network and how to make it secure.

Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

Note: Some changes made using this Setup Wizard may require you to change some settings on your wireless client adapters so they can still connect to the D-Link Router.

ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.

Add Wireless Device with WPS

MANUAL WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP

If your wireless network is already set up with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, manual configuration of the wireless network will destroy the existing wireless network. If you would like to configure the wireless settings of your new D-Link Systems Router manually, then click on the Manual Wireless Network Setup button below.

Manual Wireless Connection Setup

Click **Next** to continue.

Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

Select the type of Internet connection you use and then click **Next** to continue.

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router a connect to the Internet. Step 1: Step your Password Step 2: Select your Internet Connection Step 4: Save Settings and Connection Step 4: Setting 4: Save Settings and Connection Step 5: Setting 4: Save Settings and Connection Step 5: Setting 4: Save Settings and Connection Step 6: Save Settings and Save Settings and Save Settings and Save Settings Step 6: Setting 4: Save Settings and Save Setings and Save Settings and Save Seties Save Seties Save Settings and Save Settings and Save Setting	WELCOME TO THE I	D-LINK SETUP WIZARD
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PPTP client. C Username / Password Connection (L2TP) L2TP client. C Static IP Address Connection Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be	STEP 3: CONFIGURE Your Internet Connec from the list below. I manually configure yo Not Listed or Don't Know Internet connection for C DHCP Connection Choose this if your int	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US/Canada), Tijuana Prev Next Cancel Connect YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION tion could not be detected, please select your Internet Service Provider (ISP f your ISP is not listed; select the "Not Listed or Don't Know" option to ur connection. ce Provider was not listed or you don't know who it is, please select the ype below: on (Dynamic IP Address) ernet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Moderns
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Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be	STEP 3: CONFIGURE Your Internet Connect from the list below. I manually configure you Not Listed or Don't Know Internet connection f O DHCP Connection Choose this if your Int use this type of connect ouse this type of connect ouse this connor O Username / Pas Phope Clent.	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US/Canada), Tijuana Prev Next Cancel Connect YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION tion could not be detected, please select your Internet Service Provider (ISP your ISP is not listed; select the "Not Listed or Don't Know" option to our connection. Tece Provider was not listed or you don't know who it is, please select the ype below: on (Dynamic IP Address) erret connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Moderns action. sword Connection (PPDE) our Internet connection. event Connection (PPTP)
	STEP 3: CONFIGURE Your Internet Connec from the list below. I manually configure yo Not Listed or Don't Know Internet connection f O DHCP Connectio Choose this if your Int use this type of conne Choose this option if y modems use this conr O Username / Pas PTP clent. O Username / Pas	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US/Canada), Tijuana Prev Next Cancel Connect YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION tion could not be detected, please select your Internet Service Provider (ISP your ISP is not listed; select the "Not Listed or Don't Know" option to our connection. Tece Provider was not listed or you don't know who it is, please select the ype below: on (Dynamic IP Address) erret connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Moderns action. sword Connection (PPDE) our Internet connection. event Connection (PPTP)

Section 3 - Configuration

If you selected Dynamic, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** and then click **Next** to continue.

The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.

If you selected PPPoE, enter your PPPoE username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses.

Note: Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

If you selected PPTP, enter your PPTP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

PC that was origina	ection, please make sure that you are connected to the D-Link Router with th ally connected to your broadband connection. If you are, then click the Clone y your computer's MAC Address to the D-Link Router.
MA	C Address : 00:18:e7:6a:38:47 (Optional)
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address
н	lost Name : DIR-857
	eed to provide a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contai
DNS SETTINGS	
	S Address : 0.0.0.0
	S Address : 0.0.0.0
•	
	Prev Next Cancel Connect
SET USERNAME A	ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPPOE)
To set up this conn Service Provider. If	ection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.
Addr	ress Mode : 💿 Dynamic IP 🔿 Static IP
	Address& : 0.0.0.0
L	Jser Name : d-Ink@sbcglobal.net
	Password :
Verify I	Password :
	vice Name : (Optional)
	need to provide a Service Name. If you do not have or know this information, please
DNS SETTINGS	
	5 Address : 0.0.0.0
Primary DNS	
	5 Address : 0.0.0.0
	5 Address : 0.0.0.0
	S Address : 0.0.0.0 Prev Next Cancel Connect
Secondary DNS	Prev Next Cancel Connect
Secondary DNS	
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conne	Prev Next Cancel Connest ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) ection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conni Service Provider. Yo your ISP.	Prev Next Cancel Connest ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) ection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this connu Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addre	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) ection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this connu Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addre PPTP IP	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) ection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : O Dynamic IP C Static IP
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conni Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addre PPTP IP PPTP Sub	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) ection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : Oynamic IP C Static IP P Address : Do.0.0 net Mask : D.0.0.0 Interview
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME A To set up this connu Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addm PPTP IE PPTP Sub PPTP Sub PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Server 1	Prev Next Cancel Connect. ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) extion you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : Dynamic IP C Static IP Address : O.0.0 P Address : O.0.0 P Address : P Address : O.0.0 P
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conn Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addr PPTP IF PPTP Sateway IF PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Gateway IF (may be same as o	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) exction you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : O Dynamic IP O Static IP Address : 0.0.0 P Address : P Ad
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conn Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addr PPTP IF PPTP Sateway IF PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Gateway IF (may be same as (U	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) exction you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : O Dynamic IP O Static IP Address : 0.0.0 P Address : P Addres : P Addres :
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conn Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addr PPTP IF PPTP Sateway IF PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Gateway IF (may be same as (U F	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) exction you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : O Dynamic IP O Static IP Address : 0.0.0 P Address : P Ad
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conne Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addre PPTP IP PPTP Sub PPTP Gateway IP PPTP Gateway IP (may be same as U Verify I	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) exction you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : Opynamic IP O Static IP Address : 0.0.0 P address : P address :
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this conni Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addre PPTP Sub PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Gateway IF (may be same as (U Verify F DNS SETTINGS	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) ection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ass Mode : Oynamic IP Static IP Address : O.0.0 Paddress : O.0.0 IP Address : O.0.0 IP Address : O.0.0 IP address : O.0.0 Ip assword : O.0.0
Secondary DNS SET USERNAME AI To set up this connu Service Provider. Yo your ISP. Addre PPTP Sub PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Gateway IF PPTP Gateway IF (may be same as (U Verify F DNS SETTINGS Primary DNS	Prev Next Cancel Connect ND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP) exction you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet u also need PPTP IP adress. If you do not have this information, please contact ess Mode : Opynamic IP O Static IP Address : 0.0.0 P address : P address :

Click **Next** to continue.

If you selected L2TP, enter your L2TP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWOR	D CONNECTION	I (L2TP)	
To set up this connection you will Service Provider. You also need L2 your ISP.			
Address Mode : 💿	Dynamic IP C	Static IP	
L2TP IP Address : 0.0	.0.0		
L2TP Subnet Mask : 0.0	.0.0		
L2TP Gateway IP Address : 0.0	.0.0]	
L2TP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :			
User Name :]	
Password :			
Verify Password :]	
DNS SETTINGS			
Primary DNS Address : 0.0	.0.0]	
Secondary DNS Address : 0.0	.0.0]	
Prev	Next	ancel Connect	

SET STATIC IP ADDRESS CONNECTION
To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of IP information provided by your Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IP connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.
IP Address : 0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0
Gateway Address : 0.0.0.0
DNS SETTINGS
Primary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0
Prev Next Cancel Connect

Click **Connect** to save your settings. Once the router is finished rebooting, click **Continue**. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.

If you selected Static, enter your network settings supplied by your Internet provider.

Close your browser window and reopen it to test your Internet connection. It may take a few tries to initially connect to the Internet.

SETUP COMPLETE!	
The Setup Wizard has comple router.	eted. Click the Connect button to save your settings and restart the
router.	
	Decu Mart Concel Connect
	Prev Next Cancel Connect

Manual Configuration Dynamic (Cable)

- **My Internet** Select **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** to obtain IP Address information automatically from your **Connection:** ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP numbers to use. This option is commonly used for cable modem services such as Comcast and Cox.
- Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. Leave blank if you are not sure.
- Use Unicasting: Check the box if you are having problems obtaining an IP address from your ISP.
 - **DNS Servers:** Enter the Primary and secondary DNS server IP addresses assigned by your ISP. These addresses are usually obtained automatically from your ISP. Leave at 0.0.0.0 if you did not specifically receive these from your ISP.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by	the router to connect to the Internet.
My Internet Connection is :	Dynamic IP (DHCP)
DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERN	ET CONNECTION TYPE :
	pe if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't ormation and/or a username and password.
Host Name :	
Use Unicasting :	(compatibility for some DHCP Servers)
Primary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0
MTU :	1500 (bytes)MTU default = 1500
MAC Address :	00:16:17:45:11:af
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address

- MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.
- MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Internet Setup PPPoE (DSL)

Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

My Internet Select **PPPoE (Username/Password)** from the drop-down menu. **Connection:**

Address Mode: Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select Dynamic.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnection Mode: Select either Always-on, On-Demand, or Manual.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPPoE only).

- **DNS Addresses:** Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.
 - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

MAC Address:	The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the
	default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the
	MAC address of your Ethernet card.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE		
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.		
My Internet Connection is :	PPPoE (Username / Password) 🔻	
PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE		
Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).		
Address Mode	Oynamic IP Static IP	
IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
Username :		
Password :		
Verify Password :		
Service Name :	(optional)	
Reconnect Mode :	Always on On demand Manual	
Maximum Idle Time :	5 (minutes, 0=infinite)	
Primary DNS Server :	208.67.222.222 (optional)	
Secondary DNS Server :	208.67.220.220 (optional)	
MTU :	1492 (bytes) MTU default = 1492	
MAC Address :	00:16:d3:25:0d:92	
	Copy Your PC's MAC Address	

PPTP

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode:	Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS
	server addresses. In most cases, select Dynamic .

PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Gateway: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

PPTP Server IP: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your PPTP username.

Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either Always-on, On-Demand, or Manual.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

- **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.
- **MAC Address:** The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE				
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.				
My Internet Connection is : PPTP (Username / Password)				
РРТР :				
Enter the information provided	by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).			
Enter the information provided	by your internet service Provider (13P).			
Address Mode	⊙ Dynamic IP ○ Static IP			
PPTP IP Address :	0.0.0.0			
PPTP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0			
PPTP Gateway IP Address :	0.0.0.0			
PPTP Server IP Address :				
Username :				
Password :				
Verify Password :				
Reconnect Mode :	○ Always on ⊙ On demand ○ Manual			
Maximum Idle Time :	5 (minutes, 0=infinite)			
Primary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0			
Secondary DNS Address :	0.0.0.0			
MTU :	1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1400			
MAC Address :	00:18:e7:6a:38:47			
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address			

L2TP

Choose L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode:	Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select Dynamic .	INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.
L2TP IP Address:	Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP (Static only).	My Internet Connection is : L2TP (Username / Password)
L2TP Subnet Mask:	Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP (Static only).	L2TP : Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
L2TP Gateway:	Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.	Address Mode © Dynamic IP C Static IP L2TP IP Address : 0.0.0.0 L2TP Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0
L2TP Server IP:	Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).	L2TP Gateway IP Address : 0.0.0.0 L2TP Server IP Address :
Username:	Enter your L2TP username.	Username : Password :
Password:	Enter your L2TP password and then retype the password in the next box.	Verify Password :
Reconnect Mode:	Select either Always-on, On-Demand , or Manual .	Maximum Idle Time : 5 (minutes, 0=infinite) Primary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0 Secondary DNS Address : 0.0.0.0
	Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.	MTU: 1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1400 MAC Address: 00:18:e7:6a:38:47 Clone Your PC's MAC Address
DNS Servers:	Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static L2TP only).	
MTU:	Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.	
	The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.	

Static (assigned by ISP)

Select Static IP Address if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.

Default Gateway: Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

- DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)
 - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.
- MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE			
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.			
My Internet Connection is :	Static IP		
STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :			
Enter the static address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).			
IP Address :	0.0.0.0		
Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0		
Default Gateway :	0.0.0.0		
Primary DNS Server :	0.0.0.0		
Secondary DNS Server :	0.0.0.0		
MTU :	1500 (bytes) MTU default = 1500		
MAC Address :	00:18:e7:6a:38:47		
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address		

DS-Lite

Another Internet Connection type is DS-Lite.

After selecting DS-Lite, the following parameters will be available for configuration:DS-LiteSelect the DS-Lite DHCPv6 Option to let the router allocate the AFTR IPv6Configuration:address automatically. Select the Manual Configuration to enter the AFTR IPv6address in manually.address in manually.

AFTR IPv6 Address: After selecting the Manual Configuration option above, the user can enter the AFTR IPv6 address used here.

B4 IPv4 Address: Enter the B4 IPv4 address value used here.

- WAN IPv6 Address: Once connected, the WAN IPv6 address will be displayed here.
- IPv6 WAN Default Once connected, the IPv6 WAN Default Gateway address will be displayed Gateway here.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by t	he router to connect to the Internet.
My Internet Connection is :	DS-Lite

AFTR ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :			
Enter the AFTR address informat	ion provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).		
DS-Lite Configuration :	OS-Lite DHCPv6 Option Omeganal Configuration		
AFTR IPv6 Address :			
B4 IPv4 Address :	192.0.0. (optional)		
WAN IPv6 Address :			
IPv6 WAN Default Gateway :			

Wireless Settings

Click Wireless Connection Setup Wizard to begin. Skip to page 82.

If you want to add your wireless clients to your router using WPS, click **Add Wireless Device with WPS** and skip to page 75.

If you want to configure your wireless settings manually, click **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** and skip to the next page.

WIRELESS SETTINGS

The following Web-based wizards are designed to assist you in your wireless network setup and wireless device connection.

Before launching these wizards, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in your wireless network setup. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to set up your wireless network and how to make it secure.

Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

Note: Some changes made using this Setup Wizard may require you to change some settings on your wireless client adapters so they can still connect to the D-Link Router.

ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.

Add Wireless Device with WPS

MANUAL WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP

If your wireless network is already set up with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, manual configuration of the wireless network will destroy the existing wireless network. If you would like to configure the wireless settings of your new D-Link Systems Router manually, then click on the Manual Wireless Network Setup button below.

Manual Wireless Connection Setup

802.11n/g (2.4GHz)

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions.

Schedule: Select the time frame that you would like your wireless network enabled. The schedule may be set to Always. Any schedule you create will be available in the drop-down menu. Click Add New to create a new schedule.

Wireless Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using **Network Name:** up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

802.11 Mode: Select one of the following:

802.11g Only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.
Mixed 802.11n and 802.11g - Select if you are using both 802.11n and 802.11g wireless clients.
802.11n Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

Wireless Band : Enable Wireless :	A REAL PLANE AND A
Wireless Network Name :	dlink (Also called the SSID)
802.11 Mode :	Mixed 802.11n, 802.11g and 802.11b 👻
nable Auto Channel Scan :	
Wireless Channel :	2.437 GHz - CH 6 🔫
Transmission Rate :	Best (automatic) - (Mbit/s)
Channel Width :	20 MHz 👻
Visibility Status :	Visible Invisible

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes, including WEP, WPA-Personal, and WPA-Enterprise. WEP is the original wireless encryption standard. WPA provides a higher level of security. WPA-Personal does not require an authentication server. The WPA-Enterprise option requires an external RADIUS server.

Security Mode : WPA-Personal -

Enable Auto The Auto Channel Scan setting can be selected to allow the DIR-857 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference. **Channel Scan:**

Wireless Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-857. By default the channel is set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless **Channel:** network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable Auto Channel Scan, this option will be greyed out.

- Transmission Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select Best (Auto) for best performance. Rate:
- Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:
 Auto 20/40 This is the default setting. Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.
 20MHz Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.
- Visibility Status: Select Invisible if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-857. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-857 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-857 in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security: Refer to page 85 for more information regarding wireless security.

802.11n/g (5GHz)

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions.

Schedule: Select the time frame that you would like your wireless network enabled. The schedule may be set to Always. Any schedule you create will be available in the drop-down menu. Click Add New to create a new schedule.

Wireless Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using **Network Name:** up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

802.11 Mode: Select one of the following:

802.11a Only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11a. **Mixed 802.11n and 802.11a** - Select if you are using both 802.11n and 802.11a wirelesclients.

802.11n Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

ck	WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS
le u. og	Wireless Band : 5GHz Band Enable Wireless : Always Add New Wireless Network Name : dlink_media (Also caled the SSID) 802.11 Mode : Mixed 802.11n and 802.11 av Enable Auto Channel Scan : W Wireless Channel : 5.200 GHz - CH 40 W Transmission Rate : Best (automatic) W (Mbit/s) Channel Width : 20 MHz W
	Visibility Status : Visible Invisible
SS	WIRELESS SECURITY MODE To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes, including WEP, WPA-Personal, and WPA-Enterprise. WEP is the original wireless encryption standard. WPA provides a higher level of security. WPA-Personal does not require an authentication server. The WPA-Enterprise option requires an external RADIUS server.

Security Mode : None

Enable Auto The Auto Channel Scan setting can be selected to allow the DIR-857 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference. **Channel Scan:**

Wireless Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-857. By default the channels set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless **Channel:** network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable **Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

- Transmission Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select Best (Auto) for best performance. Rate:
- Channel Width:Auto 20/40 This is the default setting. Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.

20MHz - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.

Visibility Status: Select Invisible if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-857. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-857 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-857 in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security: Refer to page 85 for more information regarding wireless security.

Network Settings

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

- Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
- Local Domain: Enter the Domain name (Optional).
- **Enable DNS Relay:** Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

NETWORK SETTINGS			
Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router and also to configure the built-in DHCP Server to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. The IP Address that is configured here is the IP Address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.			
Save Settings Don't Sa	ave Settings		
ROUTER SETTINGS			
Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The IP Address that is configured here is the IP Address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.			
Router IP Address :			
Router IP Address :	192.168.0.1		
Subnet Mask :	192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0		
Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.0		

DHCP Server Settings

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-857 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to "Obtain an IP Address Automatically." When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-857. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

Enable DHCP	Check this box to enable the DHCP server on your router. Uncheck to disable this function.	DHCP SERVER SETTINGS
Server:		Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP Server to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
DHCP IP Address Range:	Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server's IP assignment. Note: If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you may have an IP conflict.	Enable DHCP Server : DHCP IP Address Range : 192.168.0.100 to 192.168.0.199 DHCP Lease Time : 1440 (minutes) Always broadcast : (compatibility for some DHCP Clients)
DHCP Lease Time:	The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease time in minutes.	NetBIOS announcement : Learn NetBIOS from WAN : NetBIOS Scope : (optional)
Always Broadcast:	Enable this feature to broadcast your networks DHCP server to LAN/WLAN clients.	NetBIOS node type :
	NetBIOS allows LAN hosts to discover all other computers within the network, enable this feature to allow the DHCP Server to offer NetBIOS configuration settings.	Hybrid (Point-to-Point then Broadcast) Primary WINS IP Address : Secondary WINS IP Address :
Learn NetBIOS from WAN:	Enable this feature to allow WINS information to be learned from the WAN side, disable to allow	v manual configuration.
NetBIOS Scope:	This feature allows the configuration of a NetBIOS 'domain' name under which network hosts ope from WAN' is activated."	rates. This setting has no effect if the 'Learn NetBIOS information
NetBIOS Mode Type:	Select the different type of NetBIOS node: Broadcast only, Point-to-Point, Mixed-mode, and	Hybrid.
Primary/Secondary	Enter your Primary (and Secondary) WINS IP address(es).	

WINS IP Address:

DHCP Reservation

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

Note: This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

Enable: Check this box to enable the reservation.

Computer Name: Enter the computer name or select from the drop-down menu and click <<.

IP Address: Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

- **Copy Your PC's** If you want to assign an IP address to the computer you are currently on, click this button **MAC Address:** to populate the fields.
 - Save: Click Save to save your entry. You must click Save Settings at the top to activate your reservations.

Number of In this section you can see what LAN devices are currently leasing IP addresses. Dynamic DHCP Clients:

ADD DHCP RESERVATION				
Enable : Computer Name : IP Address : MAC Address : Copy Your PC's MAC Address Save Clear				
DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST :				
Enable Hos	t Name	MAC Address	IP Addre	ISS
NUMBER OF DYN	AMIC DHCP	CLIENTS:4		
Hardware Address	Assigned IP	Hostname	Expires	
00:1b:63:ce:3a:d8	192.168.0.100	UNKNOWN	Fri Dec 31 14:58:13 2010	<u>Revoke</u> <u>Reserve</u>
00:26:b0:ce:46:9c	192.168.0.102	UNKNOWN	Fri Dec 31 15:11:29 2010	<u>Revoke</u> <u>Reserve</u>
cc:55:ad:34:fc:91	192.168.0.103	BLACKBERRY- 8720	Fri Dec 31 16:35:54 2010	Revoke Reserve
38:e7:d8:67:86:f7	192.168.0.104	UNKNOWN	Fri Dec 31 17:00:53 2010	Revoke Reserve

Revoke: Click **Revoke** to cancel the lease for a specific LAN device and free an entry in the lease table. Do this only if the device no longer needs the leased IP address, because, for example, it has been removed from the network.

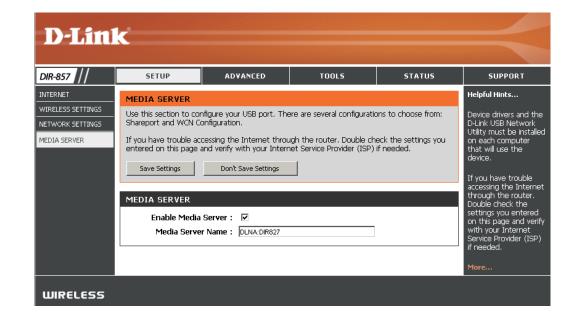
Note: The Revoke option will not disconnect a PC with a current network session from the network; you would need to use MAC Address Filter to do that. Revoke will only free up a DHCP Address for the very next requester. If the previous owner is still available, those two devices may both receive an IP Address Conflict error, or the second device may still not receive an IP Address; in that case, you may still need to extend the "DHCP IP Address Range" to address the issue, it is located in the DHCP Server section.

Reserve: The Reserve option converts this dynamic IP allocation into a DHCP Reservation and adds the corresponding entry to the DHCP Reservations List.

Media Server

Check the Enable Media Server box to share your music, pictures, and videos to any computer on your local network.

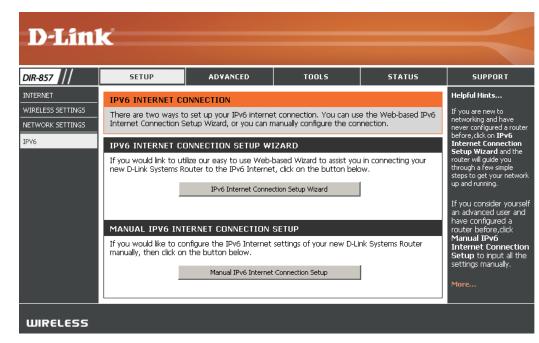
Click Enable Media Server to enable this feature.



IPv6 Internet Connection

Click **IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard** to begin. Skip to page 29.

If you want to configure your IPv6 Internet Connection manually, click **Manual IPv6 Internet Connection Setup** and skip to the next page.



IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

On this page, the user can configure the IPv6 Connection type. There are two ways to set up the IPv6 Internet connection. You can use the Webbased IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard, or you can manually configure the connection.

IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

For the beginner user that have not configured a router before, click on the **IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running.

After clicking on the IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard button, this page will appear.

IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION

There are two ways to set up your IPv6 Internet connection. You can use the Web-based IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard, or you can manually configure the connection.

IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

If you would like to utilize our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the IPv6 Internet, click on the button below.

IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

Note: Before launching the wizards, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

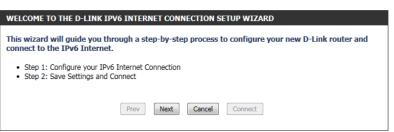
Welcome to the D-Link IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the IPv6 Internet.

Click **Next** to continue to the next page. Click **Cancel** to discard the changes made and return to the main page.

Step 1: Configure Your IPv6 Internet Connection

The router will try and detect whether its possible to obtain the IPv6 Internet Connection type automatically. If this succeeds then the user will be guided through the input of the appropriate parameters for the connection type found.



However, if the automatic detection fails, the user will be prompt to either **Try again** or to click on the **Guide me through the IPv6 settings** button to initiate the manual continual of the wizard.

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION
Router is detecting your IPv6 Internet connection type, please wait
Prev Next Cancel Connect

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION
Router is unable to detect your IPv6 Internet connection type.
Cancel Try again Guide me through the IPv6 settings

Step 1: Configure Your IPv6 Internet Connection

There are several connection types to choose from. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your IPv6 Internet Service Provider.

Note: If using the PPPoE option, you will need to ensure that any PPPoE client software on your computers has been removed or disabled. The 3 options available on this page is **IPv6 over PPPoE**, **Static IPv6 address and Route**, and **Tunneling Connection**.

Choose the required IPv6 Internet Connection type and click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

Set Username and Password Connection (PPPoE)

After selecting the IPv6 over PPPoE option, the user will be able to configure the IPv6 Internet connection that requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **PPPoE Session:** Select the PPPoE Session value used here. This option will state that this connection shares it's information with the already configured IPv6 PPPoE connection, or the user can create a new PPPoE connection here.
 - **User Name:** Enter the PPPoE username used here. This information is obtainable from the ISP.
 - **Password:** Enter the PPPoE password used here. This information is obtainable from the ISP.
- Verify Password: Re-enter the PPPoE password used here.
 - Service Name: Enter the service name for this connection here. This option is optional.

Click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION

Please select your IPv6 Internet Connection type:

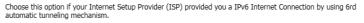
IPv6 over PPPoE

Choose this option if your IPv6 Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Static IPv6 address and Route

Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider (ISP) provided you with IPv6 Address information that has to be manually configured.

Tunneling Connection (6rd)



Cancel

Next

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CON	NECTION (PPPOE)
	d to have a Username and Password from your IPv6 Internet his information, please contact your ISP.
PPPoE Session :	Share with IPv4 Create a new session
User Name :	
Password :	
Verify Password :	
Service Name :	(optional)
Note: You may also need to provide a Servi your ISP.	ice Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact
Prev	Next Cancel Connect

Set Static IPv6 Address Connection

This mode is used when your ISP provides you with a set IPv6 addresses that does not change. The IPv6 information is manually entered in your IPv6 configuration settings. You must enter the IPv6 address, Subnet Prefix Length, Default Gateway, Primary DNS Server, and Secondary DNS Server. Your ISP provides you with all this information.

Use Link-Local Address:	The Link-local address is used by nodes and routers when communicat- ing with neighboring nodes on the same link. This mode enables IPv6- capable devices to communicate with each other on the LAN side.
IPv6 Address:	Enter the WAN IPv6 address for the router here.
Subnet Prefix Length:	Enter the WAN subnet prefix length value used here.
Default Gateway:	Enter the WAN default gateway IPv6 address used here.
Primary IPv6 DNS Address:	Enter the WAN primary DNS Server address used here.
Secondary IPv6 DNS Address:	Enter the WAN secondary DNS Server address used here.

SET STATIC IPV6 ADDRESS CONNECTI	(ON	
To set up this connection you will need IPv6 Internet Service Provider. If you please contact your ISP.		
Use Link-Local Address :		
IPv6 Address :	fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8781]
Subnet Prefix Length :	64	
Default Gateway :]
Primary IPv6 DNS Address :]
Secondary IPv6 DNS Address :]
LAN IPv6 Address :		/64
Prev	Next Cancel Connect	

LAN IPv6 Address: These are the settings of the LAN (Local Area Network) IPv6 interface for the router. The router's LAN IPv6 Address configuration is based on the IPv6 Address and Subnet assigned by your ISP. (A subnet with prefix /64 is supported in LAN.)

Click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

Tunneling Connection (6rd)

After selecting the Tunneling Connection (6rd) option, the user can configure the IPv6 6rd connection settings.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

6rd IPv6 Prefix: Enter the 6rd IPv6 address and prefix value used here.

IPv4 Address: Enter the IPv4 address used here.

Mask Length: Enter the IPv4 mask length used here.

- Assigned IPv6 Displays the IPv6 assigned prefix value here. Prefix:
- 6rd Border Relay Enter the 6rd border relay IPv4 address used here. IPv4 Address:

IPv6 DNS Server: Enter the primary DNS Server address used here.

Click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

Setup Complete

The IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard was completed.

Click on the **Connect** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

6rd IPv6 Prefix	:		1			
IPv4 Address	: 192.168.6	59.191	1ask L	ength :		
Assigned IPv6 Prefix	:					
6rd Border Relay IPv4 Address	:					
IPv6 DNS Server	:					

SETUP COMPLETE!	
The IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your settings and reboot the router.	
Prev Next Cancel Connect	

IPv6 Manual Setup

There are several connection types to choose from: Auto Detection, Static IPv6, Autoconfiguration (SLAAC/DHCPv6), PPPoE, IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel, 6to4, 6rd, and Link-local. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your IPv6 Internet Service Provider.

Note: If using the PPPoE option, you will need to ensure that any PPPoE client software on your computers has been removed or disabled.

Auto Detection

Select Auto Detection to have the router detect and automatically configure your IPv6 setting from your ISP.

Choose the mode to be used b	y the router to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is :	Auto Detection
IPv6 DNS SETTINGS	
Obtain a DNS server address au	tomatically or enter a specific DNS server address.
©	Obtain a DNS server address automatically
0	Use the following DNS address
Primary IPv6 DNS Server :	
Secondary IPv6 DNS Server :	
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN	35
	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again.
Enable DHCP-PD :	
Enable DHCP-PD: LAN IPv6 Address:	
LAN IPv6 Address :	
LAN IPv6 Address :	✓ [] /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3854/64
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA	✓ [] /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3854/64
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA	✓ [] /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3854/64 TION SETTINGS
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment : Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in	
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment :	

Static IPv6

My IPv6 Connection:Select Static IPv6 from the drop-down menu.WAN IPv6 Address Settings:Enter the address settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).LAN IPv6 Address:Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.LAN Link-Local Address:Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.Enable Autoconfiguration:Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.Autoconfiguration Type:Select Stateful (DHCPv6), SLAAC + RDNSS or SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6.IPv6 Address Range Statt:Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.IPv6 Address Lifetime:Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used b	y the router to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is :	Static IPv6
WAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN	GS :
Enter the IPv6 address informa	tion provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Use Link-Local Address :	
IPv6 Address :	FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3847
Subnet Prefix Length :	64
Default Gateway :	
Primary DNS Address :	
Secondary DNS Address :	
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN	GS :
Use this section to configure the inte	GS : ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again.
Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again.
Use this section to configure the intr Address here, you may need to adjust t	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6
Use this section to configure the intr Address here, you may need to adjust t	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again.
Use this section to configure the intr Address here, you may need to adjust t	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
Use this section to configure the intr Address here, you may need to adjust LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
Use this section to configure the intr Address here, you may need to adjust LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable automatic IPv6	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
Use this section to configure the intr Address here, you may need to adjust : LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment :	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64 FION SETTINGS iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Use this section to configure the intr Address here, you may need to adjust LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable automatic IPv6	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64 FION SETTINGS iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Use this section to configure the into Address here, you may need to adjust LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment : Autoconfiguration Type :	ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64 FION SETTINGS iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. Stateful DHCPv6

Autoconfiguration

My IPv6 Connection:	Select Autoconfiguration (Stateless/DHCPv6) from the drop-down menu.	IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE	
IPv6 DNS Settings:	Select either Obtain DNS server address automatically or Use the following	Choose the mode to be used b	y the router to the IPv6 Internet.
	DNS Address.	My IPv6 Connection is :	Autoconfiguration (Stateless/DHCPv6)
Primary/Secondary DNS Address:	Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses.	IPv6 DNS SETTINGS :	
		Obtain a DNS server address au	itomatically or enter a specific DNS server address.
LAN IPv6 Address:	Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.	e	Obtain a DNS server address automatically
LAN Link-Local Address:	Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.		Use the following DNS address
		Primary DNS Address :	
Enable Autoconfiguration:	Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.	Secondary DNS Address :	
Autoconfiguration Type:	Select Stateful (DHCPv6), SLAAC + RDNSS or SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6.	LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN	GS :
IPv6 Address Range Start:	Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.		e internal network settings of your router. If you change the ny need to adjust your PC network settings to access the
IPv6 Address Range End:	Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.	Enable DHCP-PD :	
-		LAN IPv6 Address :	/64
IPv6 Address Lifetime:	Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).	LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :	FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
		ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA	TION SETTINGS
		Use this section to setup IPv6 Ai your network.	utoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on
		Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment :	
		Autoconfiguration Type :	Stateful DHCPv6
		IPv6 Address Range (Start):	
		IPv6 Address Range (End):	
		IPv6 Address Lifetime:	1440 (minutes)

PPPoE

My IPv6 Connection: Select PPPoE from the drop-down menu.

PPPoE: Enter the PPPoE account settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

Address Mode: Select Static if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnection Mode: Select either Always-on, On-Demand, or Manual.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

IPv6 DNS Settings: Select either Obtain DNS server address automatically or Use the following DNS Address.

Primary/Secondary DNS Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses. Address:

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Autoconfiguration: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used b	y the router to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is :	PPPoE 🔽
PPPOE :	
Enter the information provided	by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
PPPoE Session:	Share with IPv4 ○ Create a new session
Address Mode	⊙ Dynamic IP ○ Static IP
IP Address :	
User Name :	
Password :	
Verify Password :	
Service Name :	(optional)
Reconnect Mode :	Always on On demand Manual
Maximum Idle Time :	5 (minutes, O=infinite)
MTU :	1492 (bytes) MTU default = 1492
IPv6 DNS SETTINGS :	
Enter a specific DNS server add	ress. Obtain a DNS server address automatically
0	Use the following DNS address
	Ose the following DNS address
Primary DNS Address :	
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address :	
Primary DNS Address :	
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int	
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int	GS : ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again.
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust	GS : ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again.
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust Enable DHCP-PD : LAN IPv6 Address :	GS : ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again.
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust Enable DHCP-PD : LAN IPv6 Address :	GS : ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust Enable DHCP-PD : LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA	GS : ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. /64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust Enable DHCP-PD : LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi Enable automatic IPv6	GS : ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64 FE80:SETTINGS
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust Enable DHCP-PD : LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconf Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment :	GS: GS: GS: GS: GS: GS: GS: GS:
Primary DNS Address : Secondary DNS Address : LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTIN Use this section to configure the int Address here, you may need to adjust Enable DHCP-PD : LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURA Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfi Enable automatic IPv6	GS: ernal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 your PC network settings to access the network again. FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64 FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64 FION SETTINGS iguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select Stateful (DHCPv6), SLAAC + RDNSS or SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6.

IPv6 Address Range Start: Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Range End: Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Lifetime: Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

IPv6 in IPv4 Tunneling

My IPv6 Connection: Select IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel from the drop-down menu.

- IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel Enter the settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP). Settings:
- LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.
 - LAN Link-Local Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address. Address:

Enable Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature. **Autoconfiguration:**

- Autoconfiguration Select Stateful (DHCPv6), SLAAC + RDNSS or SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6. Type:
- IPv6 Address Range Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. Start:
- IPv6 Address Range Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. End:

Pv6 Address Lifetime: Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).

Choose the mode to be used by	y the router to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is :	IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel 💌
IPv6 in IPv4 TUNNEL SETTIN	IGS :
Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel ir	nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
Remote IPv4 Address :	
Remote IPv6 Address :	
Local IPv4 Address :	
Local IPv6 Address :	
Primary DNS Address :	
Secondary DNS Address :	
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTING	GS :
	I network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Add network settings to access the network again.
here, you may need to adjust your PC's	
here, you may need to adjust your PC's	
LAN IPv6 Address :	/64
	/
LAN IPv6 Address :	FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :	FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64 TION SETTINGS guration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network
LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURAT	FE80::240:F4FF:FE03:1A9C/64

6 to 4 Tunneling

My IPv6 Connection: Select 6 to 4 from the drop-down menu.

6 to 4 Settings: Enter the IPv6 settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

Primary/Secondary DNS Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses. Address:

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature. **Autoconfiguration:**

- Autoconfiguration Type: Select Stateful (DHCPv6), SLAAC + RDNSS or SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6.
 - IPv6 Address Range Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. Start:
 - IPv6 Address Range Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers. End:

IPv6 Address Lifetime: Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is : 6 to 4 Tunnel
IPv6 in IPv4 TUNNEL SETTINGS :
Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel information provided by your Tunnel Broker.
Remote IPv4 Address :
Remote IPv6 Address :
Local IPv4 Address : 0.0.0.0
Local IPv6 Address :
IPv6 DNS SETTINGS :
Obtain a DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.
 Obtain a DNS server address automatically
O Use the following DNS address
Primary DNS Address :
Secondary DNS Address :
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPvé Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.
Enable DHCP-PD : 🔽
LAN IPv6 Address : /64 LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment :
Autoconfiguration Type : Stateful DHCPv6
IPv6 Address Range (Start) :
Stateful DHCPy6 : :
IPv6 Address Lifetime: 1440 (minutes)

6rd

My IPv6 Connection: Select 6rd from the drop-down menu.

6RD Settings: Enter the address settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Autoconfiguration: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select Stateful (DHCPv6), SLAAC+RDNSS or SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6.

Router Advertisement Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE
Choose the mode to be used by the router to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is : 6rd
6RD SETTINGS :
Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
6rd IPv6 Prefix : / 32
IPv4 Address 0.0.0.0 Mask Length :
Assign IPv6 Prefix : None
Tunnel Link-Local Address : FE80::0000:0000/64 6rd Border Relay IPv4
Address :
Primary DNS Address :
Secondary DNS Address :
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS :
Use this section to configure the internal network setings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.
LAN IPv6 Address : None
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: FE80::218:E7FF:FE6A:3846/64
ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Enable automatic IPv6 address assignment :
Autoconfiguration Type : Stateless
Router Advertisement Lifetime: 1440 (minutes)

Link-Local Connectivity

My IPv6 Connection: Select Link-Local Only from the drop-down menu.

LAN IPv6 Address Displays the IPv6 address of the router. Settings:

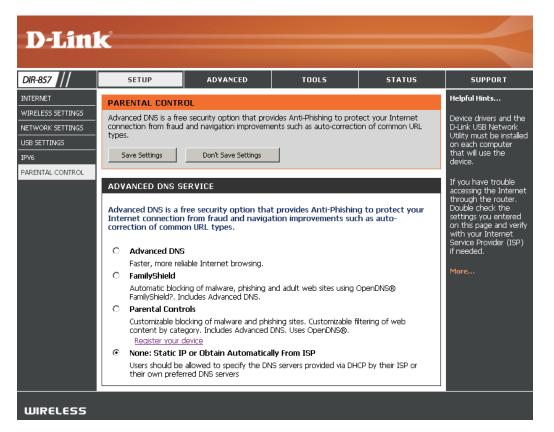


Parental Controls

Advanced DNS Service is a free security option that provides anti-phishing protection to your network and offers navigation improvements such as auto-correction of common URL typos.

Advanced DNS: Faster, more reliable Internet browsing.

- FamilyShield: Includes Advanced DNS and automatic protection from malware, phishing, and adult websites. This option uses OpenDNS.
- Parental Controls: Includes Advanced DNS, FamilyShield, and customizable blocking of malware and phishing sites. You may also customize filtering of web content by category. This option uses OpenDNS.
 - **None:** DNS servers will be provided via DHCP by your ISP or you may manually enter DNS servers.



Virtual Server

The DIR-857 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DIR-857 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DIR-857 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server. Depending on the requested service, the DIR-857 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DIR-857 is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

For a list of ports for common applications, please visit http://support.dlink.com/faq/view.asp?prod_id=1191.

This will allow you to open a single port. If you would like to open a range of ports, refer to the next page.

- **Name:** Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the dropdown menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.
- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.
- Private Port/ Enter the port that you want to open next to Private Port and Public Port: Public Port. The private and public ports are usually the same. The public port is the port seen from the Internet side, and the private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network.

Protocol Type: Select **TCP**, **UDP**, or **Both** from the drop-down menu.

- Inbound Filter: Select Allow All (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the Advanced > Inbound Filter page.
 - **Schedule:** The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > **Schedules** section.

D-Link						
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT	
VIRTUAL SERVER	VIRTUAL SERVER				Helpful Hints	
PORT FORWARDING	The Virtual Server opt	ion allows you to define a	single public port on y	our router for redirection	Check the	
APPLICATION RULES	to an internal LAN IP / online services such as	Address and Private LAN po FTP or Web Servers.	ort if required. This fea	ture is useful for hosting	Application Name drop down menu for a	
QOS ENGINE			-1		list of predefined	
NETWORK FILTER	Save Settings	Don't Save Settings			server types. If you select one of the	
ACCESS CONTROL					predefined server types, click the arrow	
WEBSITE FILTER	24 VIRTUAL SI	ERVERS LIST			button next to the	
INBOUND FILTER			Port Traf	fic Type	drop down menu to fill out the corresponding	
FIREWALL SETTINGS	Name	_		otocol Schedule	field.	
ROUTING		Application Nam •		P 🔹 Always 💌	You can select a	
ADVANCED WIRELESS	IP Address	<< Computer Name	Private Port	Inbound Filter	computer from the list of DHCP clients in the	
WISH	· · · · ·				Computer Name drop	
WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP	Name	< Application Nam 🗸	Public Port Pro	P Always	down menu, or you can manually enter the IP address of the	
ADVANCED NETWORK	IP Address		Private Port	Inbound Filter	computer at which you would like to open	
GUEST ZONE	· · · · · ·	< Computer Name 💌			the specified port.	
IPV6 FIREWALL	Name	< Application Nam 🗸	Public Port Pri	otocol Schedule P 🔹 Always 💌	Select a schedule for	
IPV6 ROUTING	IP Address	Computer Name	Private Port	Inbound Filter	when the virtual server will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in	

Port Forwarding

This will allow you to open a single port or a range of ports.

- **Name:** Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the dropdown menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.
- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.
- **TCP/UDP:** Enter the TCP and/or UDP port or ports that you want to open. You can enter a single port or a range of ports. Separate ports with a common.

Example: 24,1009,3000-4000

- Inbound Filter: Select Allow All (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the Advanced > Inbound Filter page.
 - Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > Schedules section.

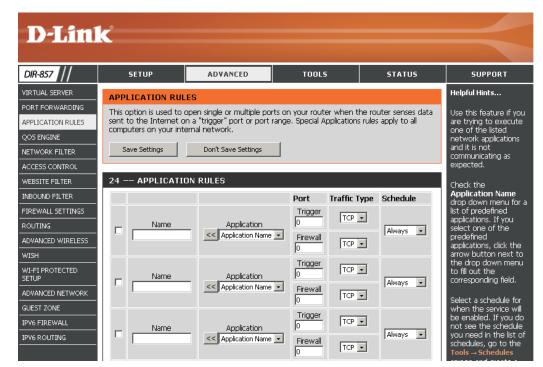
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER	PORT FORWARD	ING RULES :			Helpful Hints
PORT FORWARDING	This option is used t	o open multiple ports or a r	ange of ports in your rou	uter and redirect data	Check the
APPLICATION RULES	through those ports various formats inclu	Application Name drop down menu for			
QOS ENGINE	(1020-5000, 689).	uing, Port Kanges (100-130), Individual Ports (60, 0	o, 000), Ur Mixeu	list of predefined
NETWORK FILTER	Save Settings	Don't Save Settings	1		applications. If you select one of the
ACCESS CONTROL		Don't bave bettings			predefined applications, click the
WEBSITE FILTER					arrow button next t
INBOUND FILTER	24 PURT FUR	RWARDING RULES			the drop down men to fill out the
FIREWALL SETTINGS			Ports to Op		corresponding field.
ROUTING	Name	< Application Name		Schedule	You can select a
ADVANCED WIRELESS	IP Address	Application Manie	UDP	Inbound Filter	computer from the l of DHCP clients in th
WISH	0.0.0.0	< Computer Name		Allow All	Computer Name d
WI-FI PROTECTED	Name		TCP	Schedule	down menu, or you can manually enter t
		Application Name	• 0	Always 💌	IP address of the LA computer to which
ADVANCED NETWORK	IP Address			Inbound Filter	you would like to op
GUEST ZONE	0.0.0	< Computer Name		Allow All 💌	the specified port.
IPV6 FIREWALL	Name		TCP	Schedule Always	Select a schedule fo
IPV6 ROUTING		< Application Name		· · · —	when the rule will be enabled. If you do n
	IP Address	Computer Name</td <td></td> <td>Inbound Filter</td> <td>see the schedule yo need in the list of</td>		Inbound Filter	see the schedule yo need in the list of
	Name	Compator Hamo	TCP	Schedule	schedules, go to the
	radine.	< Application Name		Always -	Tools → Schedules screen and create a

Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DIR-857. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DIR-857 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

- **Name:** Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.
- **Trigger:** This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.
- Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the trigger port (TCP, UDP, or Both).
 - Firewall: This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.
- Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or Both).
 - **Schedule:** The schedule of time when the Application Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > **Schedules** section.



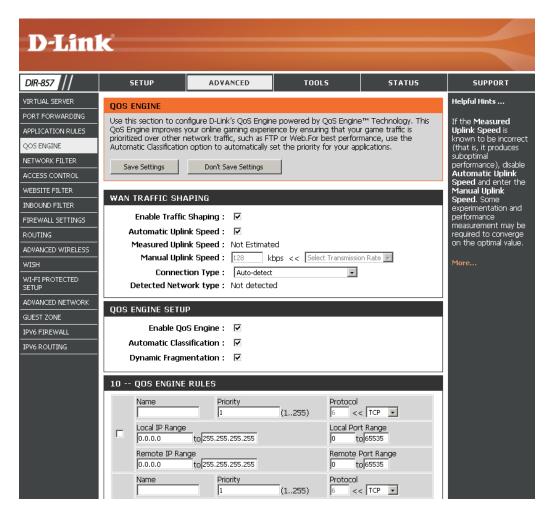
QoS Engine

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are enabled.

- **Enable Traffic** This option is disabled by default. Enable this option for **Shaping:** better performance and experience with online games and other interactive applications, such as VoIP.
- Automatic UplinkThis option is enabled by default when the QoS EngineSpeed:option is enabled. This option will allow your router to
automatically determine the uplink speed of your Internet
connection.
- Measured Uplink This displays the detected uplink speed. Speed:
 - Manual Uplink The speed at which data can be transferred from the router **Speed:** to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP.
- **Enabled QoS Engine:** This option is enabled by default. This will allow your router to automatically determine the network priority of running programs.

Automatic This option is enabled by default so that your router will Classification: automatically determine which programs should have network priority. For best performance, use the Automatic Classification option to automatically set the priority for your applications.

Dynamic This option should be enabled when you have a slow Fragmentation: Internet uplink. It helps to reduce the impact that large low priority network packets can have on more urgent ones.



QoS Engine Rules: A QoS Engine Rule identifies a specific message flow and assigns a priority to that flow. For most applications, automatic classification will be adequate, and specific QoS Engine Rules will not be required.

The QoS Engine supports overlaps between rules, where more than one rule can match for a specific message flow. If more than one rule is found to match the rule with the highest priority will be used.

Name: Create a name for the rule that is meaningful to you.

- **Priority:** The priority of the message flow is entered here -- 1 receives the highest priority (most urgent) and 255 receives the lowest priority (least urgent).
- Protocol: The protocol used by the messages.
- Local IP Range: The rule applies to a flow of messages whose LAN-side IP address falls within the range set here.
- Local Port Range: The rule applies to a flow of messages whose LAN-side port number is within the range set here.
- **Remote IP Range:** The rule applies to a flow of messages whose WAN-side IP address falls within the range set here.
- **Remote Port Range:** The rule applies to a flow of messages whose WAN-side port number is within the range set here.

10 QOS ENGINE RULES						
	Name	Priority 1 (1255)	Protocol			
	Local IP Range 0.0.0.0 to 25	Local Port Range 0 to 65535				
	Remote IP Range 0.0.0.0 to 25	5.255.255.255	Remote Port Range 0 to 65535			

Network Filters

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

- Configure MACSelect Turn MAC Filtering Off, Turn MAC Filtering ON
and ALLOW computers listed to access the network, or
Turn MAC Filtering ON and DENY computers listed to
access the network from the drop-down menu.
- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter. To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual.
- **DHCP Client:** Select a DHCP client from the drop-down menu and click << to copy that MAC Address.

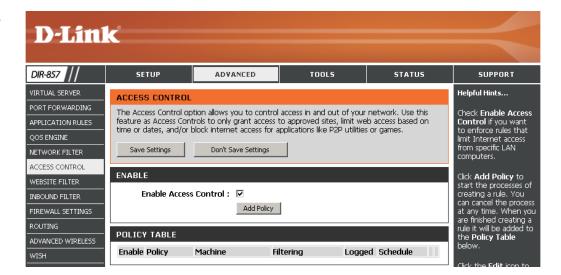
Clear: Click to remove the MAC address.

D-Lini	K					\prec
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCE	D TOOLS	5	TATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER PORT FORWARDING APPLICATION RULES QOS ENGINE NETWORK FILTER ACCESS CONTROL WEBSITE FILTER INBOUND FILTER FIREWALL SETTINGS	MAC ADDRESS FII The MAC (Media Accer based on the MAC Adi the manufacturer of ti network/Internet acce Save Settings 24 MAC FILTER Configure MAC Filterin Turn MAC Filtering ON a	Helpful Hints Create a list of MAC addresses that you would either like to allow or deny access to your network. Computers that have obtained an IP address from the router's DHCP server will be in the DHCP Client List. Select a device from the drop down menu,				
ROUTING ADVANCED WIRELESS WISH WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP ADVANCED NETWORK GUEST ZONE IPV6 FIREWALL IPV6 ROUTING	MAC Address [cc:55:ad:34:fc:91		Computer Name	kfc:91) v v v v v	Clear Clear Clear Clear Clear Clear Clear	then click the arrow to add that device's MAC address to the list. Click the Clear button to remove the MAC address from the MAC Filtering list. More

Access Control

The Access Control section allows you to control access in and out of your network. Use this feature as Parental Controls to only grant access to approved sites, limit web access based on time or dates, and/or block access from applications like P2P utilities or games.

Add Policy: Click the Add Policy button to start the Access Control Wizard.



Access Control Wizard

Click **Next** to continue with the wizard.

ADD NEW POLICY
This wizard will guide you through the following steps to add a new policy for Access Control.
Step 1 - Choose a unique name for your policy
Step 2 - Select a schedule
Step 3 - Select the machine to which this policy applies
Step 4 - Select filtering method
Step 5 - Select filters
Step 6 - Configure Web Access Logging
Prev Next Save Cancel

Enter a name for the policy and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 1: CHOOSE POLICY NAME					
Choose a unique name for your policy.					
Policy Name :					
Prev Next Save Cancel					

Select a schedule (I.E. Always) from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 2: SELECT SCHEDULE Choose a schedule to apply to this policy. Always Details : Always Prev Next Save Cancel

Enter the following information and then click **Next** to continue.

- Address Type Select IP address, MAC address, or Other Machines.
- **IP Address** Enter the IP address of the computer you want to apply the rule to.

STEP 3: SELECT MACHINE						
Select the machine to which this policy applies.						
Specify a machine with its IP or MA	C address, or select "Other Machines" for machines that do not have a policy.					
Address Type :	⊙ IP ○ MAC ○ Other Machines					
IP Address :	<< Computer Name					
Machine Address :	Machine Address : Computer Name					
Copy Your PC's MAC Address						
OK Cancel						
Machine						
Prev Next Save Cancel						

Select the filtering method and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 4: SELECT FILTERING METHOD

STEP 4. SELECT FILTERING	יובוהטט
Select the method for filtering.	
Method :	$^{\circ}$ Log Web Access Only $^{\circ}$ Block All Access $^{\circ}$ Block Some Access
Apply Web Filter :	
Apply Advanced Port Filters :	
	Prev Next Save Cancel

If you selected **Apply Advanced Port Filters**, then enter the rule:

Enable - Check to enable the rule.
Name - Enter a name for your rule.
Dest IP Start - Enter the starting IP address.
Dest IP End - Enter the ending IP address.
Protocol - Select the protocol.
Dest Port Start - Enter the starting port number.
Dest Port End - Enter the ending port number.

STEP 5: PORT FILTER Add Port Filters Rules. Specify rules to prohibit access to specific IP addresses and ports. Dest Port Start Dest IP Dest IP Dest Port Enable Name Protocol Start End End 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 Any 🔽 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 Any 🔽 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 Any 🔽 Any 🔽 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 Any 🔽 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 Any 🔽 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 Any 🔽 0.0.0.0 Any 🔽 255.255.255.255 Prev Next Save Cancel

To enable web logging, click **Enable**.

Click Save to save the access control rule.

STEP 4: SELECT FILTERING METHOD						
Select the method for filtering.						
Method : 🛛 🔯 Log Web Access Only 🔘 Block All Access 🔘 Block Some Access						
Prev Next Save Cancel						

Website Filters

Website Filters are used to deny LAN computers from accessing specific web sites by the URL or domain. A URL is a specially formatted text string that defines a location on the Internet. If any part of the URL contains the blocked word, the site will not be accessible and the web page will not display. To use this feature, enter the text string to be blocked and click **Save Settings**. The text to be blocked will appear in the list. To delete the text, click **Clear the List Below**.

Configure Website Filter Select Allow or Deny. Below:

Website URL/Domain: Enter the keywords or URLs that you want to allow or deny. Click **Save Settings**.



Inbound Filters

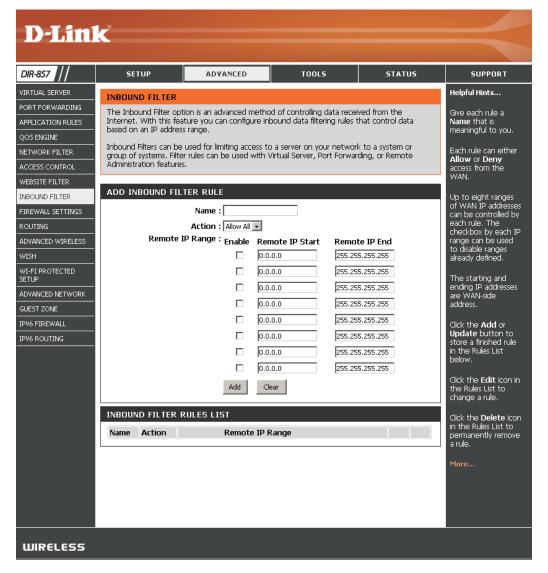
The Inbound Filter option is an advanced method of controlling data received from the Internet. With this feature you can configure inbound data filtering rules that control data based on an IP address range. Inbound Filters can be used with Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, or Remote Administration features.

Name: Enter a name for the inbound filter rule.

Action: Select Allow or Deny.

Enable: Check to enable rule.

- **Source IP Start:** Enter the starting IP address. Enter 0.0.0.0 if you do not want to specify an IP range.
- **Source IP End:** Enter the ending IP address. Enter 255.255.255.255 if you do not want to specify and IP range.
 - Add: Click the Add button to add the rule. You must click Save Settings at the top to save the settings.
- Inbound Filter This section will list any rules that are created. You may click **Rules List:** the **Edit** icon to change the settings or enable/disable the rule, or click the **Delete** icon to remove the rule.



Firewall Settings

A firewall protects your network from the outside world. The D-Link DIR-857 offers a firewall type functionality. The SPI feature helps prevent cyber attacks. Sometimes you may want a computer exposed to the outside world for certain types of applications. If you choose to expose a computer, you cam enable DMZ. DMZ is short for Demilitarized Zone. This option will expose the chosen computer completely to the outside world.

Enable SPI: SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

NAT Endpoint Select one of the following for TCP and UDP ports:

Filtering: Endpoint Independent - Any incoming traffic sent to an open port will be forwarded to the application that opened the port. The port will close if idle for 5 minutes.

Address Restricted - Incoming traffic must match the IP address of the outgoing connection.

Address + Port Restriction - Incoming traffic must match the IP address and port of the outgoing connection.

Enable DMZ Host: If an application has trouble working from behind the router, you can expose one computer to the Internet and run the application on that computer.

Note: Placing a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

IP Address: Specify the IP address of the computer on the LAN that you want to have unrestricted Internet communication. If this computer obtains it's IP address automatically using DHCP, be sure to make a static reservation on the **Basic** > **DHCP** page so that the IP address of the DMZ machine does not change.

	_0				
D-Lin	K				
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
/IRTUAL SERVER	FIREWALL SETTIN	Helpful Hints			
PORT FORWARDING		llow you to set a single com	puter on your network	outside of the router.	Enable the DMZ option
APPLICATION RULES		-			only as a last resort. If you are having trouble
QOS ENGINE	Save Settings	Don't Save Settings			using an application from a computer
ETWORK FILTER	FIREWALL SETTIN				behind the router, first
CCESS CONTROL					try opening ports associated with the
	En	able SPI: 🔽			application in the Virtual Server Or Port
NBOUND FILTER	NAT ENDPOINT FIL	TERING			Forwarding sections.
IREWALL SETTINGS		C Endpoint Ir	dopopdopt		More
ADVANCED WIRELESS	LIDP Endnoint	Filtering: Address Re			
WISH	obr Enapoint		ddress Restricted		
WI-FI PROTECTED		_	ndependent		
ADVANCED NETWORK	TCP Endpoint				
SUEST ZONE			ddress Restricted		
PV6 FIREWALL					
	ANTI-SPOOF CHEC	KING			
	Enable anti-spoof	checking: 🗆			
	DMZ HOST				
	the router. If you have	l Zone) option lets you set a a computer that cannot ru n you can place the compu	in Internet applications	successfully from	
		uter in the DMZ may expose ally recommended as a last re		riety of security risks.	
	Enable DMZ H	lost: 🗖			
	DMZ IP Add	ress : 0.0.0.0	Computer Name	×	
	APPLICATION LEV	EL GATEWAY (ALG) CO			
	F	РТР: 🔽			
	IPSec (/PN): 🔽			
	F	RTSP: 🔽			
		SIP: 🔽			
	L				
WIRELESS					

Application Level Gateway Configuration

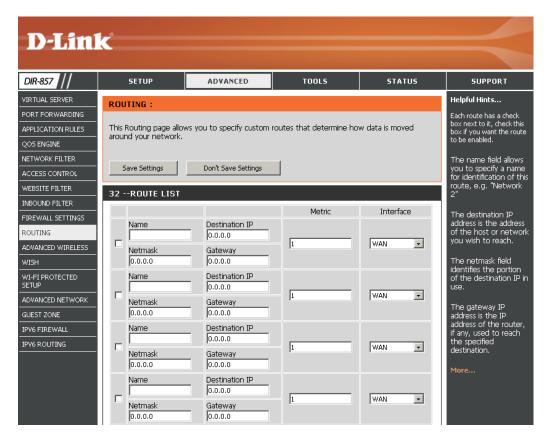
Here you can enable or disable ALG's. Some protocols and applications require special handling of the IP payload to make them work with network address translation (NAT). Each ALG provides special handling for a specific protocol or application. A number of ALGs for common applications are enabled by default.

- **PPTP:** Allows multiple machines on the LAN to connect to their corporate network using PPTP protocol.
- **IPSEC (VPN):** Allows multiple VPN clients to connect to their corporate network using IPSec. Some VPN clients support traversal of IPSec through NAT. This ALG may interfere with the operation of such VPN clients. If you are having trouble connecting with your corporate network, try turning this ALG off. Please check with the system administrator of your corporate network whether your VPN client supports NAT traversal.
 - **RTSP:** Allows applications that use Real Time Streaming Protocol to receive streaming media from the internet. QuickTime and Real Player are some of the common applications using this protocol.
 - SIP: Allows devices and applications using VoIP (Voice over IP) to communicate across NAT. Some VoIP applications and devices have the ability to discover NAT devices and work around them. This ALG may interfere with the operation of such devices. If you are having trouble making VoIP calls, try turning this ALG off.

Routing

The Routing option is an advanced method of customizing specific routes of data through your network.

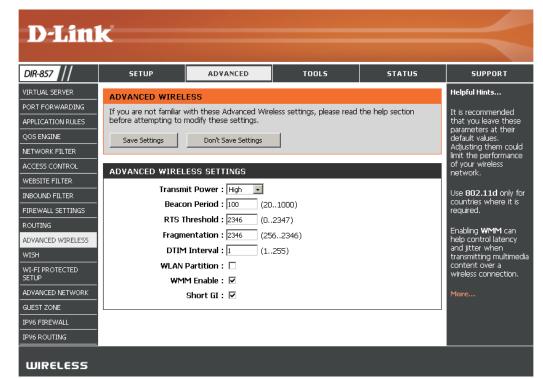
- **Destination IP:** Enter the IP address of packets that will take this route.
 - **Netmask:** Enter the netmask of the route, please note that the octets must match your destination IP address.
 - Gateway: Enter your next hop gateway to be taken if this route is used.
 - **Metric:** The route metric is a value from 1 to 16 that indicates the cost of using this route. A value 1 is the lowest cost and 15 is the highest cost.
 - **Interface:** Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router when this route is used.



Advanced Wireless Settings

Transmit Power: Set the transmit power of the antennas.

- **Beacon Period:** Beacons are packets sent by a Router to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.
- **RTS Threshold:** This value should remain at its default setting of 2432. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.
- **Fragmentation** The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, **Threshold:** determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.
- **DTIM Interval:** (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) 3 is the default setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.
- **WMM Function:** WMM is QoS for your wireless network. This will improve the quality of video and voice applications for your wireless clients.
 - **Short GI:** Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.



WISH Settings

WISH is short for Wireless Intelligent Stream Handling, a technology developed to enhance your experience of using a wireless network by prioritizing the traffic of different applications.

- **Enable WISH:** Enable this option if you want to allow WISH to prioritize your traffic.
 - **HTTP:** Allows the router to recognize HTTP transfers for many common audio and video streams and prioritize them above other traffic. Such streams are frequently used by digital media players.
- Windows Media Enables the router to recognize certain audio and video
 Center: streams generated by a Windows Media Center PC and to prioritize these above other traffic. Such streams are used by systems known as Windows Media Extenders, such as the Xbox 360.
 - Automatic: When enabled, this option causes the router to automatically attempt to prioritize traffic streams that it doesn't otherwise recognize, based on the behavior that the streams exhibit. This acts to deprioritize streams that exhibit bulk transfer characteristics, such as file transfers, while leaving interactive traffic, such as gaming or VoIP, running at a normal priority.
 - **WISH Rules:** A WISH Rule identifies a specific message flow and assigns a priority to that flow. For most applications, the priority classifiers ensure the right priorities and specific WISH Rules are not required.

WISH supports overlaps between rules. If more than one rule matches for a specific message flow, the rule with the highest priority will be used.



Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) System is a simplified method for securing your wireless network during the "Initial setup" as well as the "Add New Device" processes. The Wi-Fi Alliance (WFA) has certified it across different products as well as manufactures. The process is just as easy, as depressing a button for the Push-Button Method or correctly entering the 8-digit code for the Pin-Code Method. The time reduction in setup and ease of use are quite beneficial, while the highest wireless Security setting of WPA2 is automatically used.

Enable: Enable the Wi-Fi Protected Setup feature.

- Lock WirelessLocking the wireless security settings prevents the settings fromSecurity Settings:being changed by the Wi-Fi Protected Setup feature of the router.
Devices can still be added to the network using Wi-Fi Protected
Setup. However, the settings of the network will not change
once this option is checked.
 - **PIN Settings:** A PIN is a unique number that can be used to add the router to an existing network or to create a new network. The default PIN may be printed on the bottom of the router. For extra security, a new PIN can be generated. You can restore the default PIN at any time. Only the Administrator ("admin" account) can change or reset the PIN.
 - Current PIN: Shows the current value of the router's PIN.
 - Reset PIN to Restore the default PIN of the router. Default:
- Generate New PIN: Create a random number that is a valid PIN. This becomes the router's PIN. You can then copy this PIN to the user interface of the registrar. This Wizard helps you add wireless devices to the wireless network.

DIR-857 //	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
IRTUAL SERVER	WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP				Helpful Hints
ORT FORWARDING	Wi-FI Protected Setup is used to easily add devices to a network using a PIN or button press. Devices must support Wi-FI Protected Setup in order to be configured by this method.				Enable if other wireless devices you wish to include in th local network suppo Wi-FI Protected Set
PPLICATION RULES					
OS ENGINE					
ETWORK FILTER	Save Settings	Save Settings Don't Save Settings Wi-Fi Prote			
CCESS CONTROL					Only "Admin" accou can change security settings.
EBSITE FILTER	WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP Enable : Lock Wireless Security Settings : Reset to Unconfigured				
					Lock Wireless Security Settings after all wireless network devices ha been configured.
IREWALL SETTINGS					
OUTING					
DVANCED WIRELESS					
/ISH	PIN SETTINGS				Click Add Wireless Device Wizard to Wi-Fi Protected Set
VI-FI PROTECTED	Current PIN : 41661444 Generate New PIN Reset PIN to Default				
DVANCED NETWORK		Generate	New PIN Reset PIN	to Default	to add wireless dev to the wireless
UEST ZONE	ADD WIRELESS STATION				network.
PV6 FIREWALL					
PV6 ROUTING		Add W	ireless Device with WPS		

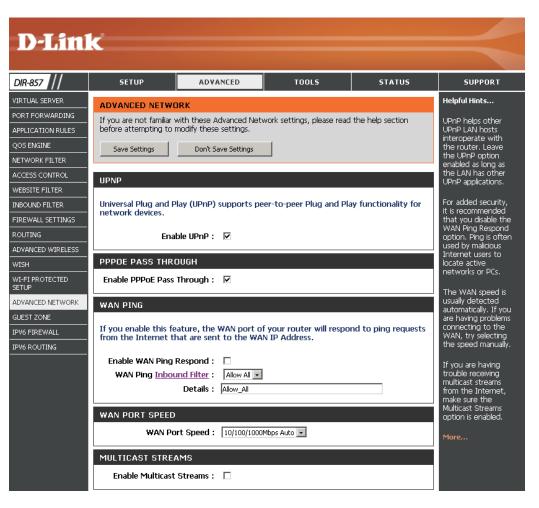
Add Wireless The wizard will either display the wireless network settings to guide you through manual configuration, prompt you to enter the PIN for the device, or ask you Station: to press the configuration button on the device. If the device supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and has a configuration button, you can add it to the network by pressing the configuration button on the device and then the on the router within 60 seconds. The status LED on the router will flash three times if the device has been successfully added to the network.

There are several ways to add a wireless device to your network. A "registrar" controls access to the wireless network. A registrar only allows devices onto the wireless network if you have entered the PIN, or pressed a special Wi-Fi Protected Setup button on the device. The router acts as a registrar for the network, although other devices may act as a registrar as well.

Add Wireless Start the wizard. Device Wizard:

Advanced Network Settings

- **UPnP Settings:** To use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP^{**}) feature click on **Enabled**. UPNP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals.
- **PPPoE Pass Through:** Check **PPPoe Pass Through** to allow PPPoE authentication to the LAN Clients as an authenticating point.
 - WAN Ping: Unchecking the box will not allow the DIR-857 to respond to pings. Blocking the Ping may provide some extra security from hackers. Check the box to allow the Internet port to be "pinged".
 - WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the Internet port to 10Mbps, 100Mbps, 1000Mbps, or 10/100/1000Mbps Auto. Some older cable or DSL modems may require you to set the port speed to 10Mbps.
 - **Multicast streams:** Check the box to allow multicast traffic to pass through the router from the Internet.



Guest Zone

The Guest Zone feature will allow you to create temporary zones that can be used by guests to access the Internet. These zones will be separate from your main wireless network.

Enable Guest Zone: Check to enable the Guest Zone feature.

- Schedule: The schedule of time when the Guest Zone will be active. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > Schedules section.
- Wireless Network Enter a wireless network name (SSID) that is different from Name: your main wireless network.

Enable Routing Check to allow network connectivity between the different **Between Zones:** zones created.

Security Mode: Select the type of security or encryption you would like to enable for the guest zone.



IPv6 Firewall

On this page the user can configure the IPv6 firewall settings. The firewall settings section is an advance feature that is used to allow or deny traffic from passing through the device. It works in the same way as IP Filters with additional settings. You can create more detailed rules for the device.

- **Name:** Enter a custom firewall rule name here. This name is used for identification.
- **Source** Select the appropriate source interface **Interface:** used here.
- **Destination** Select the appropriate destination inter-**Interface:** face used here.
 - **Schedule:** Select a time schedule that will be applied to this rules here.
- IP Address Enter the IPv6 address range used here. Range:
- **Protocol:** Select the protocol used for this rule here. Options to choose from are ALL, TCP, UDP, and ICMP.
- **Port Range:** Enter the port range used for this rule here.

DIR-857 //	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER	IPV6 FIREWALL	RULES :			Helpful Hints
PORT FORWARDING	The Firewall setting	section is an advance featu	re used to allow or denv	traffic from passing	For each rule you car
APPLICATION RULES		It works in the same way a: d rules for the device.	s IP Filters with additional	settings. You can	create a name and control the direction
QOS ENGINE	create more detailer	, rules for the device.			traffic. You can also
NETWORK FILTER	Save Settings	Don't Save Settings			allow or deny a range of IP Addresses, the
ACCESS CONTROL					protocol and a port
WEBSITE FILTER	20 IPV6 FIR	WALL RULES			range.
INBOUND FILTER	Configure IPv6 Firev	vall below:			In order to apply a schedule to a firewall
FIREWALL SETTINGS	Turn IPv6 Firewall OF	F			rule, your must first
ROUTING		of firewall rules that can be c	onfigured:		define a schedule on the Tools → Schedule
ADVANCED WIRELESS	Name	Schedule			page
WISH	1. Interf		Proto	col	More
WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP					
ADVANCED NETWORK	Dest *	ace IP Address Range	Port F	Range ~ 65535	
GUEST ZONE	Name	Schedule			
IPv6		Always			
IPV6 FIREWALL	2. Interf	ace IP Address Range	Proto		
IPV6 ROUTING	Source *		TCP	*	
	Dest	ace IP Address Range	Port F	lange ~ 65535	
	Name	Schedule Always			
	3. Interf	ace IP Address Range	Proto	col	
	Interf	ace IP Address Range	Port F		
	Dest *		1	~ 65535	

IPv6 Routing

On this page the user can specify custom routes that determine how data is moved around your IPv6 network.

Name: Enter the IPv6 routing rule name used here.

Metric: Enter the metric value for this rule here.

- Interface: Use the drop-down menu to specify if the IP packet must use the WAN or LAN interface to transit out of the Router.
- **Destination IPv6:** Enter the IPv6 address of the packets that will take this route.
 - **Prefix Length:** Enter the IPv6 address prefix length of the packets that will take this route.
 - **Gateway:** Enter the next hop that will be taken if this route is used.

D -Linl	P				
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER	ROUTING :				Helpful Hints
PORT FORWARDING					
APPLICATION RULES	This Routing page allow around your network.	ws you to specify custom	routes that determine ho	w data is moved	Each route has a check box next to it,
QOS ENGINE	arounu your network.				check this box if you
NETWORK FILTER			1		want the route to be enabled.
ACCESS CONTROL	Save Settings	Don't Save Settings			
WEBSITE FILTER	10ROUTE LIST				The name field allows you to specify a name
INBOUND FILTER			70/0 () II		for identification of this route, e.g., "Network
FIREWALL SETTINGS	Name	Destination	IP/Prefix Length	/64	2"
ROUTING	metric Inter	face Gateway			The destination IP
ADVANCED WIRELESS	NULL				address is the address
WISH	Name	Destination	IP/Prefix Length		of the host or network you wish to reach.
WI-FI PROTECTED				/ 64	71
	metric Inter				The netmask field identifies the portion
ADVANCED NETWORK	NULL				of the destination IP in use.
GUEST ZONE	Name	Destination	IP/Prefix Length	/64	
IPV6	metric Inter	Cataway		Jot	The gateway IP address is the IP
IPV6 FIREWALL	metric Inter				address of the router,
IPV6 ROUTING	Name		IP/Prefix Length		if any, used to reach the specified
			,	/ 64	destination.
	metric Inter	face Gateway			More

Administrator Settings

This page will allow you to change the Administrator and User passwords. You can also enable Remote Management. There are two accounts that can access the management interface through the web browser. The accounts are admin and user. Admin has read/write access while user has read-only access. User can only view the settings but cannot make any changes. Only the admin account has the ability to change both admin and user account passwords.

- Admin Password: Enter a new password for the Administrator Login Name. The administrator can make changes to the settings.
- User Password: Enter the new password for the User login. If you login as the User, you cannot change the settings (you can only view them). Enter a name for the DIR-857 router.

Gateway Name: Enter a name for the router.

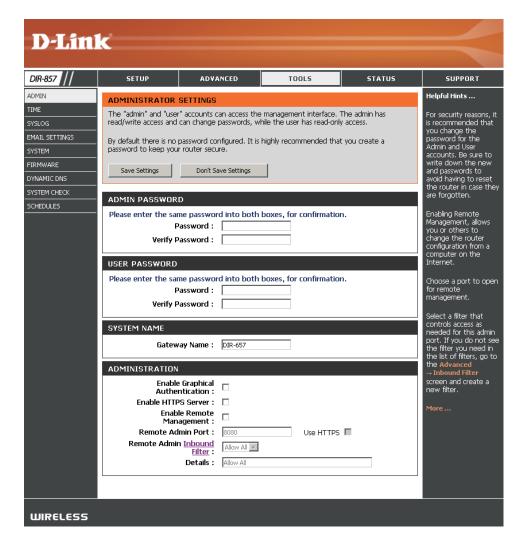
Enable GraphicalEnables a challenge-response test to require users to typeAuthentication:letters or numbers from a distorted image displayed on the
screen to prevent online hackers and unauthorized users from
gaining access to your router's network settings.

Enable HTTPS Check to enable HTTPS to connect to the router securely.
Server:

Enable Remote Remote management allows the DIR-857 to be configured Management: from the Internet by a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. In general, only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from the remote (Internet) host. The port number used to access the DIR-857.

Example: http://x.x.x.8080 whereas x.x.x.x is the Internet IP address of the DIR-857 and 8080 is the port used for the Web Management interface.

- Remote Admin If you have enabled HTTPS Server and checked Use HTTPS, Inbound Filter: you must enter https:// as part of the URL to access the router remotely.
 - **Details:** This section will list any rules that are created. You may click the **Edit** icon to change the settings or enable/disable the rule, or click the **Delete** icon to remove the rule.



Time Settings

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the Time Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

Time Zone: Select the Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

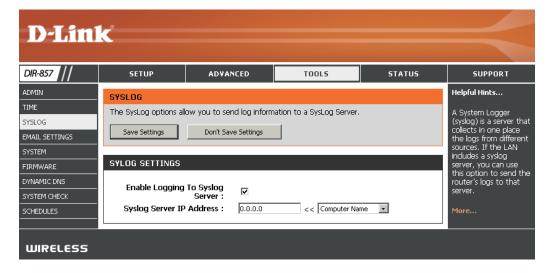
- **Daylight Saving:** To select Daylight Saving time manually, select enabled or disabled, and enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.
 - Enable NTP NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronizes
 Server: computer clock times in a network of computers. Check this box to use a NTP server. This will only connect to a server on the Internet, not a local server.
- NTP Server Used: Enter the NTP server or select one from the drop-down menu.
 - Manual: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second and then click Set Time. You can also click Copy Your Computer's Time Settings.

D-Lin	K				
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
ADMIN	TIME				Helpful Hints
TIME		n option allows you to cor			Good timekeeping is
SYSLOG	set the NTP (Network	clock. From this section y Time Protocol) Server. D			important for accurate logs and scheduled
EMAIL SETTINGS	automatically adjust th	e time when needed.			firewall rules.
	Save Settings	Don't Save Settings			More
DYNAMIC DNS					
SYSTEM CHECK	TIME CONFIGURAT				
SCHEDULES		er Time : Saturday, Dece e Zone : (GMT-08:00) Pa			
	Enable Daylight				
	Daylight Saving	Offset: +1:00			
			h Week Day of Week		
	Daylight Saving	Dates : DST Start Mar	V 3rd V Sun V	1:00 AM 👻	
				1.00 MM	
	AUTOMATIC TIME	CONFIGURATION			
	Enable NT	P Server : 🔲			
	NTP Ser	ver Used :	<< Select NTP	Server 💌	
	SET THE DATE A.D				
	SET THE DATE A.L	TIME MANUALLY			
	Date	And Time: Year 2010	- Month Dec - Day	18 -	
		Hour 01	Minute 37 🔽 Seco	nd 25 🔽 PM 🖵	
		Сору Ү	our Computer's Time Settings		
WIRELESS					

SysLog

The Broadband Router keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the Router. You may send these logs to a SysLog server on your network.

- Enable Logging to Check this box to send the router logs to a SysLog Server. SysLog Server:
- SysLog Server IPThe address of the SysLog server that will be used to sendAddress:the logs. You may also select your computer from the
drop-down menu (only if receiving an IP address from
the router via DHCP).



Email Settings

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notification to your email address.

Enable Email When this option is enabled, router activity logs are e-mailed to **Notification:** a designated email address.

- From Email Address: This email address will appear as the sender when you receive a log file or firmware upgrade notification via email.
 - To Email Address: Enter the email address where you want the email sent.
 - **SMTP Server** Enter the SMTP server address for sending email. If your SMTP **Address:** server requires authentication, select this option.

Enable Check this box if your SMTP server requires authentication. **Authentication:**

- Account Name: Enter your account for sending email.
 - **Password:** Enter the password associated with the account. Re-type the password associated with the account.
 - **On Log Full:** When this option is selected, logs will be sent via email when the log is full.
 - **On Schedule:** Selecting this option will send the logs via email according to schedule.
 - **Schedule:** This option is enabled when On Schedule is selected. You can select a schedule from the list of defined schedules. To create a schedule, go to **Tools > Schedules**.



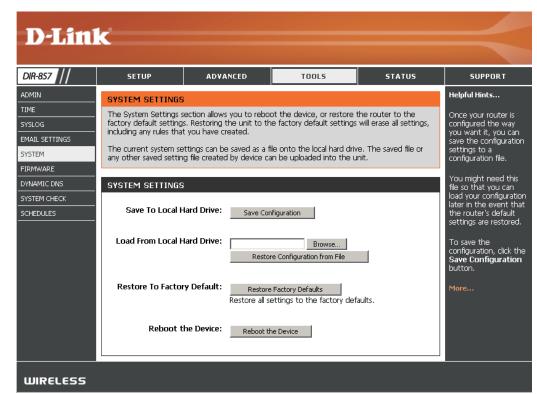
System Settings

Save Settings to Use this option to save the current router configuration
 Local Hard Drive: settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. First, click the Save button. You will then see a file dialog, where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

Load SettingsUse this option to load previously saved router configurationfrom Local Hardsettings. First, click the Browse button to locate a previouslyDrive:saved configuration file and then click the Load button to
transfer those settings to the router.

Restore to FactoryThis option will restore all configuration settings back to
the settings:Default Settings:this option will restore all configuration settings back to
the settings that were in effect at the time the router was
shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been
saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created.
If you want to save the current router configuration settings,
use the Save button above.

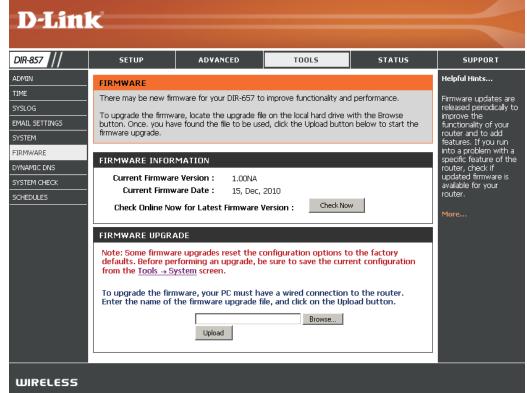
Reboot Device: Click to reboot the router.



Update Firmware

You can upgrade the firmware of the Router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at http://support.dlink.com. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

- Firmware Upgrade: Click on Check Now to find out if there is an updated firmware; if so, download the new firmware to your hard drive.
 - **Browse:** After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the firmware upgrade.



DDNS

The DDNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis. com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter in your domain name to connect to your server no matter what your IP address is.

- **DDNS:** Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP Address. Check the box to enable DDNS.
- Server Address: Choose your DDNS provider from the drop-down menu.
 - Host Name: Enter the Host Name that you registered with your DDNS service provider.
- Username or Key: Enter the Username for your DDNS account.
- **Password or Key:** Enter the Password for your DDNS account.
 - Timeout: Enter a time (in hours).

Status: Displays the status of your DDNS connection.

DDNS for IPv6 Hosts

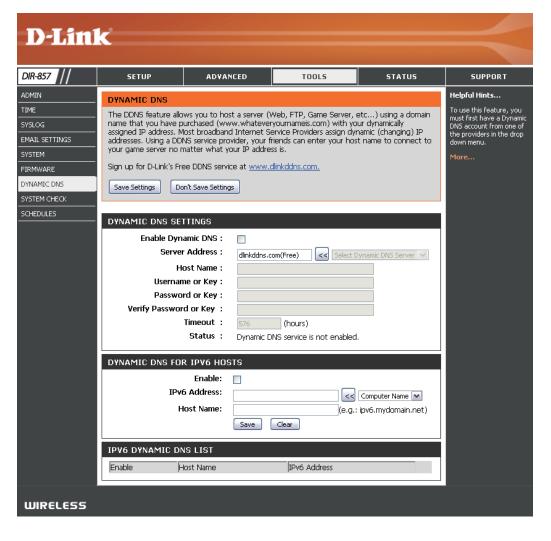
Enable: Check the box to enable DDNS for IPv6 Hosts.

- **IPv6 Address:** Enter the IPv6 address of your computer/server in your local network. You can click the << button and select a computer/ server from the drop-down list.
- Host Name: Enter the IPv6 Host Name that you registered with your DDNS service provider.
- IPv6 DDNS List: Once you save your entry, the IPv6 DDNS host information will be displayed here.
 - Enable: Check to enable the entry.

Host Name: Displays the name of your IPv6 DDNS host.

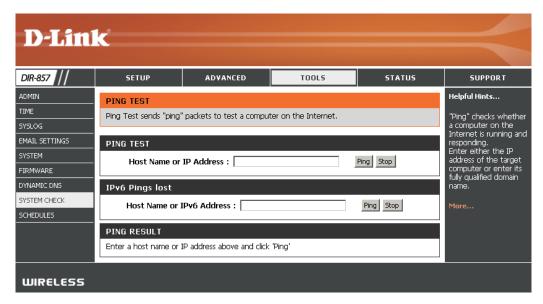
IPv6 Address: Displays the IPv6 address of your computer/server associated with the IPv6 DDNS host.

Edit/Delete: Click the edit icon to make changes to the entry or click the delete icon to remove the entry.



System Check

- **Ping Test:** The Ping Test is used to send Ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the IP Address that you wish to Ping, and click **Ping**.
- **Ping Results:** The results of your ping attempts will be displayed here.



Schedules

Name: Enter a name for your new schedule.

- Days: Select a day, a range of days, or All Week to include every day.
- Time: Check All Day 24hrs or enter a start and end time for your schedule.
- Save: Click Save to save your schedule. You must click Save Settings at the top for your schedules to go into effect.
- Schedule Rules List: The list of schedules will be listed here. Click the Edit icon to make changes or click the Delete icon to remove the schedule.

D-Lin	k				
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
ADMIN	SCHEDULES				Helpful Hints
TIME SYSLOG EMAIL SETTINGS	The Schedule configuration parental control features		anage schedule rules for v	arious firewall and	Schedules are used with a number of other features to define when those
SYSTEM	ADD SCHEDULE RU	LE			features are in effect.
FIRMWARE	Name	e:			Give each schedule a
DYNAMIC DNS	Day(s): O All Week 💿 s	elect Day(s)		name that is meaningful to you. For
SYSTEM CHECK		🗆 Sun 🗆 Mon [🗌 Tue 🗖 Wed 🗖 Thu	i 🗆 Fri 🗖 Sat	example, a schedule for Monday through
SCHEDULES	All Day - 24 hrs				Friday from 3:00pm to 9:00pm, might be
	Time format				called "After School".
	Start Time End Time		M 🗾 (hour minute)		Click Save to add a
		Save Clear			completed schedule to the list below.
	SCHEDULE RULES L	IST :			Click Edit icon to change an existing schedule.
	Name :	Day(s	s): Tim	e Frame :	
					Click Delete icon to permanently delete a schedule.
					More
WIRELESS					

Device Information

This page displays the current information for the DIR-857. It will display the LAN, WAN (Internet), and Wireless information.

If your Internet connection is set up for a Dynamic IP address then a **Release** button and a **Renew** button will be displayed. Use **Release** to disconnect from your ISP and use **Renew** to connect to your ISP.

If your Internet connection is set up for PPPoE, a **Connect** button and a **Disconnect** button will be displayed. Use **Disconnect** to drop the PPPoE connection and use **Connect** to establish the PPPoE connection.

General: Displays the router's time and firmware version.

- WAN: Displays the MAC address and the public IP settings for the router.
- LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the router.
- Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.
- LAN Computers: Displays computers and devices that are connected to the router via Ethernet and that are receiving an IP address assigned by the router (DHCP).

IGMP Multicast Displays the Multicast Group IP Address. Memberships:

SETUP	ADVANCED	тоо	15	STATUS	SUPPORT	
	ATION				Helpful Hints	
All of your Internet a version is also display	ind network connectio	on details are display	ed on this page. 1	'he firmware	All of your WAN a LAN connection of	
45	ournoio.				are displayed here	
GENERAL					More	
		y, December 18, 20	010 2:03:07 PM			
Firmwa	re Version : 1.00N4	4 , 15, Dec, 2010				
WAN						
	ection Type: DHCP C ble Status : Disconn					
Netwo	ork Status : Disconn					
	eamEngine : N/A n Up Time : N/A					
	DHCP Release DHCP Renew					
	MAC Address : 00:18:E7:6A:38:47 IP Address : 0.0.0.0					
Sul	Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0					
	Default Gateway: 0.0.0.0 Primary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0					
Secondary D	Secondary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0					
Adva	anced DNS : Disabled	1				
LAN						
	C Address : 00:18:E P Address : 192.16					
Sul	bnet Mask : 255.25	5.255.0				
DF	ICP Server : Enabled	1				
WIRELESS LAN						
Wire	less Radio : Enabled	1				
Wire 802	less Radio : Enableo 2.11 Mode : 11bgn mel Width : 20 MHz					
Wire 802	2.11 Mode: 11bgn nnel Width: 20 MHz Channel: 6					
Wire 80: Char Wi-Fi Protec	2.11 Mode: 11bgn nnel Width: 20 MHz	9				
Wire 80 Char Wi-Fi Protec SSID List :	2.11 Mode : 11bgn nnel Width : 20 MHz Channel : 6 WISH : Inactive ted Setup : Enabled	e i/Not Configured	Security Made			
Wire 80: Char Wi-Fi Protec	2.11 Mode : 11bgn nnel Width : 20 MHz Channel : 6 WISH : Inactive ted Setup : Enabled SID) Guest N	9	Security Mode			
Wire 80; Char Wi-Fi Protec SSID List : Network Name (S	2.11 Mode : 11bgn nnel Width : 20 MHz Channel : 6 WISH : Inactive ted Setup : Enabled SID) Guest N No 0	a J/Nat Configured 1AC Address				
Wire 80: Char WI-Fi Protec SSID List : Network Name (S dlink	2.11 Mode : 11bgn nnel Width : 20 MHz Channel : 6 WISH : Inactive ted Setup : Enabled SID) Guest N No 0	9 1/Not Configured 1AC Address 0:18:E7:6A:38:46				
Wire 80: Char SSID List : Network Name (S dink LAN COMPUTERS	2.11 Mode : 11bgn nnel Width : 20 Miz Channel : 6 WISH : Inactive ted Setup : Enabled SID) Guest N No 0) //Not Configured 1AC Address 0:18:E7:6A:38:46 	disable			
Wire 80: Char SSID List : Network Name (S dink LAN COMPUTERS IP Address	2.11 Mode : 11bgn nnel Width : 20 MHz Channel : 6 WISH : Inactive ted Setup : Enabled SID) Guest N No 0	a INOt Configured IAC Address 0:18:E7:6A:38:46	disable	3		

Log

The router automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in it's internal memory. If there isn't enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted but logs of the latest events are retained. The Logs option allows you to view the router logs. You can define what types of events you want to view and the level of the events to view. This router also has external Syslog Server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a Syslog utility.

- What to View: You can select the types of messages that you want to display from the log. Firewall & Security, System, and Router Status messages can be selected.
- View Levels: There are three levels of message importance: Informational, Warning, and Critical. Select the levels that you want displayed in the log.

Apply Log Settings: Will filter the log results so that only the selected options appear.

Refresh: Updates the log details on the screen so it displays any recent activity.

Clear: Clears all of the log contents.

Email Now: This option will send a copy of the router log to the email address configured in the Tools > Email screen.

Save Log: This option will save the router to a log file on your computer.

D -Lini	c [°]								
DIR-857 //	SETI	JP	ADVA	NCED	TOOLS		STATUS	<u>۽</u>	5UPPORT
DIR-857	SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS LOGS Use this option to view the router logs. You can define what types of events you want to view and the event levels to view. This router also has internal syslog server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a syslog utility. LOG OPTIONS LOG OPTIONS Log Type : If System Activity Debug Information If Attacks Dropped Packets Motice Apply Log Settings Now LOG DETAILS First Page Last Page Previous Next Befresh Clear Email Now Save Log 							Helpful Check freque unauth usage. You ca log mai periodi	the log ntly to detect norized network in also have the ied to you cally. Refer to - EMail.
	1 /2 Priority info info info info info info info	Time Dec 18 14 Dec 18 14 Dec 18 14 Dec 18 14 Dec 18 14 Dec 18 14 Dec 18 15 Dec 18 15 Dec 18 15 Dec 18 15	5:46:10 5:41:30 5:25:18 5:25:18 5:55:36 5:55:36 5:55:33 5:55:33	UDHCPD Inf UDHCPD Inf UDHCPD ser Ian_subnet_ UDHCPD ser Ian_subnet_ UDHCPD ser UDHCPD ser Ian_subnet_	mask=255.255.255 nding OFFER of 192 ndOffer : device_lar mask=255.255.255 nding OFFER of 192	2.168.0 2.168.0 2.168.0 2.168.0 2.168.0 1.168.0 1.168.0 2.168.0 1.10 5.0	.105 .105 .101 22.168.0.1 , device_ .101 22.168.0.1 , device_ .101 22.168.0.1 , device_		

Stats

The screen below displays the Traffic Statistics. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the DIR-857 on both the Internet and the LAN ports. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

WR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
VICE INFO	TRAFFIC STATISTICS	3			Helpful Hints
GS	Traffic Statistics display Re	eceive and Transmit pa	ckets passing through your	router.	This is a summary
ATISTICS	Refresh Statistics	Clear Statistics			the number of pa that have passed
RELESS	_				between the W# and the LAN sinc
16	LAN STATISTICS				router was last initialized.
	Sent : 1544	154	Received : 32584		More
	TX Packets Dropped :		RX Packets Dropped : 0		, with
	Collisions : 0		Errors : 0		
	WAN STATISTICS				
	Sent : 8		Received : 0		
	TX Packets Dropped : 0		RX Packets Dropped :		
	Collisions : 0		Errors : 0		
	WIRELESS STATISTI	CS			
	Sent : 3368	17	Received : 145201		
	TX Packets Dropped : 0		RX Packets Dropped :		

Active Sessions

D-Lin	ĸ				\prec
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
DEVICE INFO	INTERNET SESSIO	INS	· · · ·		Helpful Hints
LOGS	This page displays the full details of active internet sessions to your router. This is a list of all active				
STATISTICS					conversations between WAN
INTERNET SESSIONS	INTERNET SESSIO	INS			computers and LAN
WIRELESS	Local NAT	Internet Protoco	ol State Dir	Time Out	computers.
IPV6			··		More
WIRELESS					

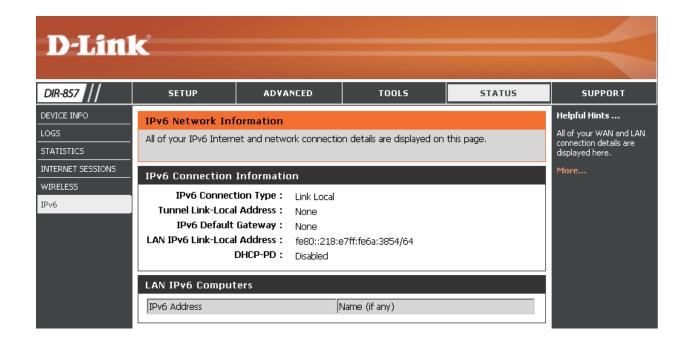
Wireless

The wireless client table displays a list of current connected wireless clients. This table also displays the connection time and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.

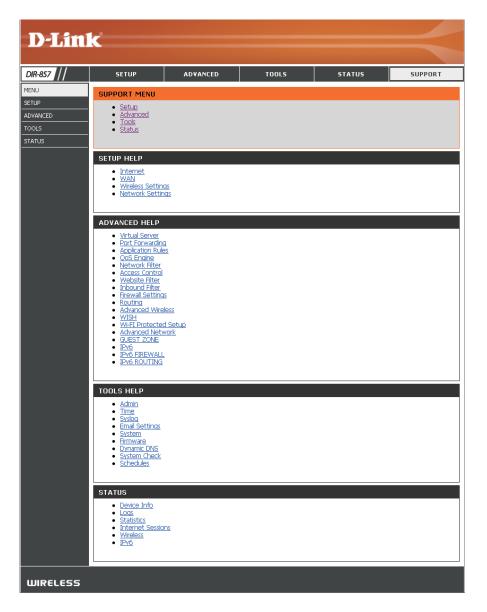
D-Linl	¢					\prec
DIR-857	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS		STATUS	SUPPORT
	WIRELESS					Helpful Hints
LOGS STATISTICS	View the wireless clients that are connected to the router. (A client might linger in the list for a This is a list of all wireless clients that					
INTERNET SESSIONS	NUMBER OF WIREL	ESS CLIENTS : 2				 are currently connected to your wireless router.
IPV6	MAC Address	IP Address	Mode	Rate	Signal(%)	More
	00:26:c6:c6:ee:94	4 192.168.0.105	5 802.11n	78M	82	
	cc:55:ad:34:fc:91	l 192.168.0.101	1 802.11g	24M	89	
WIRELESS						

IPv6

The IPv6 table displays a list of current IPv6 connections.



Support



Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DIR-857 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2[™] (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA[™] (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

What is WPA?

WPA, or Wi-Fi Protected Access, is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

Wi-PnP Wireless Setup

Wi-PnP allows you to copy your wireless settings from your router to a USB flash drive and use to automatically configure the wireless settings on your Windows[®] computers. Follow the steps below:

- 1. Plug in USB Flash Drive in USB port on the back of the router.
- 2. Press and hold the WPS button (located on the front of the router) for 5 seconds. The power LED will blink.
- 3. Wait 10 seconds and unplug the USB Flash Drive from the router.
- 4. Plug the USB Flash Drive in a Windows-Based computer.
- 5. The window below will automatically appear. Double-click **Connect to a wireless network**.



Section 4 - Security

6. Click **Yes** to add the current computer to your wireless network.

7. Click **OK** to finish adding your computer to your wireless network.

Repeat step 4-7 to add additional computers to your wireless network.

	Do you want to add this computer to the	e wireless network "o	dlink"?
Yes No		Yes	No

Wireless Network Setup Wizard

×

Wireless Network Setup Wizard	X
You have successfully added this computer to the "dlink" wire	eless network.
	ОК

Wireless Security Setup Wizard

To run the security wizard, click on Setup at the top and then click **Launch Wireless Security Setup Wizard**.

WIRELESS SETTINGS

The following Web-based wizards are designed to assist you in your wireless network setup and wireless device connection.

Before launching these wizards, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in your wireless network setup. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to set up your wireless network and how to make it secure.

Wireless Network Setup Wizard

Note: Some changes made using this Setup Wizard may require you to change some settings on your wireless client adapters so they can still connect to the D-Link Router.

ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your wireless router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.

Add Wireless Device with WPS

MANUAL WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP

If your wireless network is already set up with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, manual confguration of the wireless network will destroy the existing wireless network. If you would like to configure the wireless settings of your new D-Link Systems Router manually, then click on the Manual Wireless Network Setup button below.

Manual Wireless Network Setup

Save

STEP 1: WELCOME TO THE D-LINK WIRELESS SECURITY SETUP WIZARD

Give your network a name, using up to 32 characters.

Network Name (SSID) : dlink

Automatically assign a network key (Recommended) To prevent outsiders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security (also called WEP or WPA key) to your network.

Prev Next Cancel

- Manually assign a network key
- Use this options if you prefer to create our own key.

Note: All D-Link wireless adapters currently support WPA.

Click Next to continue.

The following screen will show you your Pre-Shared Key to enter on your wireless clients.

Click **Save** to finish the Security Wizard.

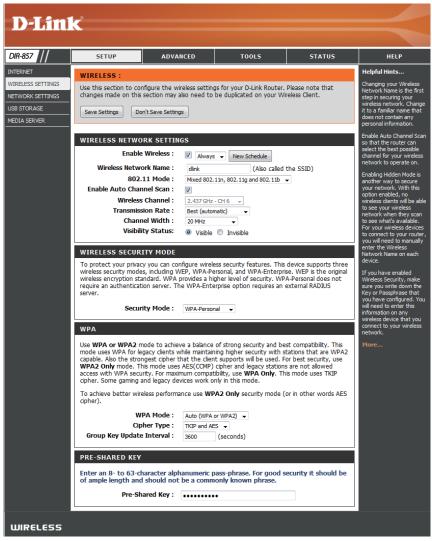
SETUP COMPLETE!					
Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client adapters.					
Wireless Network Name (SSID) :	dlink				
Security Mode :	Auto (WPA or WPA2) - Personal				
Cipher Type :	TKIP and AES				
Pre-Shared Key :	9fa2e46b5e9e860843fe7d22398faf16fab24d64d60eb406b0829101495d4939				
	Prev Save Cancel				

If you selected WPA-Enterprise, the RADIUS information will be displayed. Click **Save** to finish the Security Wizard.

Configure WPA-Personal (PSK)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

- 1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
- 2. Next to Security Mode, select WPA-Personal.
- 3. Next to *WPA Mode*, select **Auto**, **WPA2 Only**, or **WPA Only**. Use **Auto** if you have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2.
- 4. Next to *Group Key Update Interval*, enter the amount of time before the group key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).
- 5. Next to *Pre-Shared Key*, enter a key (passphrase). The key is entered as a pass-phrase in ASCII format at both ends of the wireless connection. The pass-phrase must be between 8-63 characters.
- 6. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.



Configure WPA-Enterprise (RADIUS)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

- 1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
- 2. Next to Security Mode, select WPA-Enterprise.

3.	Next to WPA Mode, select Auto, WPA2 Only, or WPA Only. Use Auto if you	WPA
4.	have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2. Next to <i>Group Key Update Interval</i> , enter the amount of time before the group	Use WPA or WPA2 mode to achieve a balance of strong security and best compatibility. This mode uses WPA for legacy clients while maintaining higher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. Also the strongest cipher that the client supports will be used. For best security, use WPA2 Only mode. This mode uses AES(CCMP) cipher and legacy stations are not allowed
	key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).	access with WPA security. For maximum compatibility, use WPA Only . This mode uses TKIP cipher. Some gaming and legacy devices work only in this mode.
5.	Next to Authentication Timeout, enter the amount of time before a client is	To achieve better wireless performance use WPA2 Only security mode (or in other words AES cipher).
	required to re-authenticate (60 minutes is default).	WPA Mode : Auto (WPA or WPA2) Cipher Type : TKIP and AES
6.	Next to RADIUS Server IP Address enter the IP Address of your RADIUS server.	Group Key Update Interval : 3600 (seconds)
7	Nove to DADUIC Conver Done option the power you are using with your DADUIC	EAP (802.1X)
7.	Next to <i>RADIUS Server Port</i> , enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server. 1812 is the default port.	When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.
0	North BADUIC Comments the second	Authentication Timeout: 60 (minutes)
8.	Next to RADIUS Server Shared Secret, enter the security key.	RADIUS server IP Address : 0.0.0.0
-		RADIUS server Port : 1812
9.	If the MAC Address Authentication box is selected then the user will need	RADIUS server Shared Secret
	to connect from the same computer whenever logging into the wireless network.	MAC Address Authentication
		Advanced >>

- 10. Click **Advanced** to enter settings for a secondary RADIUS Server.
- 11. Click **Apply Settings** to save your settings.

EAP (802.1X)		
When WPA enterprise is enable clients via a remote RADIUS ser		ter uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate
Authentication Timeout :	60	(minutes)
RADIUS server IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
RADIUS server Port :	1812	
RADIUS server Shared Secret :		
MAC Address Authentication :		
Advanced >>		

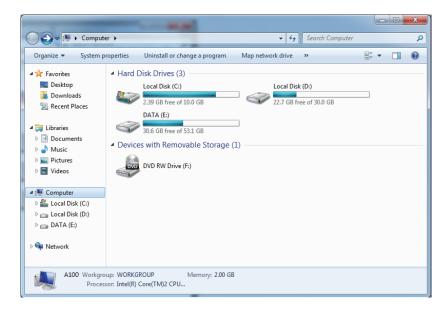
Using Windows[®] 7 and WPS for Wireless Configuration

The following steps allow you to configure your DIR-857 wireless network settings using Windows[®] 7 through WPS.

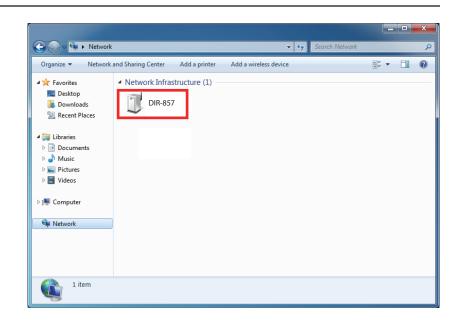
1. Click the **Start** button and select **Computer** from the Start menu.



2. Click the **Network** option.



3. Double-click the DIR-857 router.



4. Input the WPS PIN number (displayed in the **Advanced > Wi-Fi Protected Setup** section in the Router's Web UI) and click **Next**.

🕞 😨 Set Up	a Network	- C - X
You can fir	p a network, type the 8-digit PIN from nd the numeric PIN on a label attached to the the printed information that came from the rer.	m the router label
		Next Cancel

5. Type a name for your wireless network.

🕒 💇 Set Up a Network	
Give your network a name	
Your network needs a unique name so characters or less) and recognizable.	that it can be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short (25
Type your network name:	Security-enabled network
D-Link_Net	Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.
Change passphrase, security level and	encryption type (advanced):
Upgrade or replace the router using	g the network settings stored on this computer
	<u>N</u> ext Cancel

6. To configure advanced settings, click the 🕑 icon.

Click Next to continue.

💇 Set Up a Network	
Give your network a name	
Your network needs a unique name so th characters or less) and recognizable.	at it can be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short (25
Type your network name:	Security-enabled network
D-Link_Net	Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.
Change passphrase, security level and end Security key:	Security level:
f6mm-gizb-9vmv	WPA2-Personal (Recommended)
Connect automatically	Encryption type:
	AES (Recommended)
Upgrade or replace the router using the second s	he network settings stored on this computer
	<u>N</u> ext Cancel

Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows® 7

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

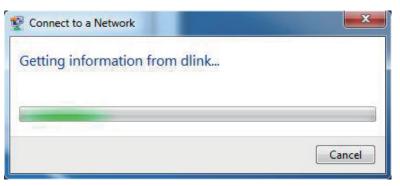
Not connected	49	-
Connections are available		ш
Wireless Network Connection	^	
dlink	line.	
kay2690_24	lite.	
AllenH DIR-655	lte.	
SD6_WLAN		
DAP-2690g	lee.	
wpstest1	1000	
BBIQ633304WPA2	lle.	
Eddie_APNAS	110-	+
Open Network and Sharing C	enter	

Section 4 - Security

3. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the Connect button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.

- 4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.
- ۸ .1 Connect al l Open Network and Sharing Center





5. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Ok**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Connect to a Network	x
Type the network security key	
Security key:	
Hide characters	
You can also connect by pushing the button on the router.	
OK Cano	:el

Using Windows Vista®

Windows Vista users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility or Windows[®] 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

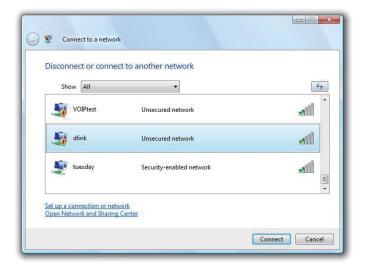
or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.





Configure Wireless Security

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista[®] Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.

2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.





3. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Туре	the network security key or passphrase for Candy
The pe	erson who setup the network can give you the key or passphrase.
Securi	ty key or passphrase:
E Dis	play characters
4	If you have a <u>USB flash drive</u> with network settings for Candy, insert it now.

Using Windows® XP

Windows XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows XP utility as seen below.

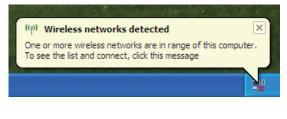
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

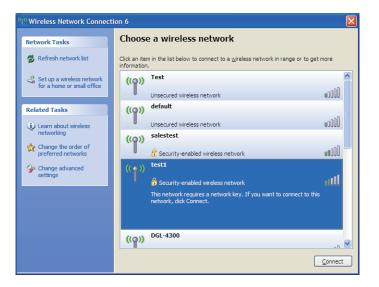
Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



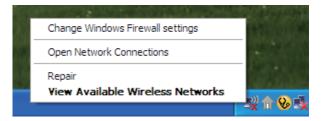




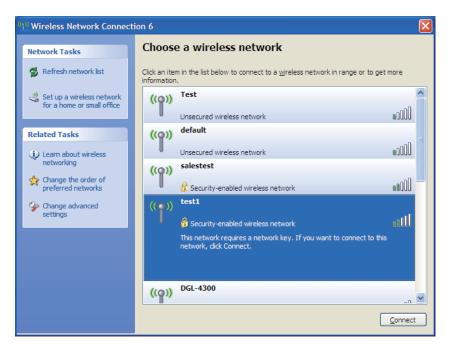
Configure WPA-PSK

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows[®] XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.



2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



Section 5 - Connecting to a Wireless Network

3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Wireless Network Conr	nection
	s a network key (also called a WEP key or WPA key). A network intruders from connecting to this network.
Type the key, and then clic	k Connect.
Network <u>k</u> ey:	
Confirm network key:	
	<u>Connect</u> Cancel

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DIR-857. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. (The examples below are illustrated in Windows[®] XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to the following examples.)

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (192.168.0.1 for example), you are not connecting to a website on the Internet or have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

• Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:

- Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher
- Chrome 2.0 or higher
- Safari 3.0 or higher
- Firefox 3.0 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel. Double-click the Internet Options Icon. From the Security tab, click the button to restore
 the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your the web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1. When logging in, the username is **admin** and leave the password box empty.

3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive emails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving email, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

Note: AOL DSL+ users must use MTU of 1400.

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on **Start** and then click **Run**.
- Windows[®] 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (Windows NT, 2000, XP, Vista[®] and 7 users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]

Example: ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472

C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set. Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set. Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set. Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52 Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52 Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52 Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average = 132ms
C:\>

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, lets say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with (1452+28=1480).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.0.1) and click **OK**.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on Setup and then click Manual Configure.
- To change the MTU enter the number in the MTU field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your email. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phone work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks: Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away. Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology as become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check email, instant message, and etc
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like: Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your router or Access Point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate Interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Don't let you next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA security feature on the router. Refer to product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- Infrastructure All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- Ad-Hoc Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more DIR-857 wireless network Cardbus adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

Networking Basics

Check your IP address

After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on Start > Run. In the run box type *cmd* and click OK. (Windows[®] 7/Vista[®] users type *cmd* in the Start Search box.)

At the prompt, type *ipconfig* and press Enter.

r the IP address, subnet mask, and the default r adapter.	Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600] (C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.
	C:\Documents and Settings>ipconfig
0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security	Windows IP Configuration
e settings on your router. Some firewall software block a DHCP request on newly installed	Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection: Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : dlink IP Address
ecting to a wireless network at a hotspot (e.g. hop, airport), please contact an employee or o verify their wireless network settings.	C:\Documents and Settings>_

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

This will display gateway of your

If the address is settings, and the programs may adapters.

If you are conne hotel, coffee sh administrator to - 🗆 🗙

Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows® 7 - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center. Windows Vista® - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections. Windows XP - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network Connections. Windows 2000 - From the desktop, right-click My Network Places > Properties.

Step 2

Right-click on the Local Area Connection which represents your D-Link network adapter and select Properties.

Step 3

Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

Step 4

Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5 Click **OK** twice to save your settings.

	d automatically if your network supports ed to ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address autor	natically
Use the following IP addres	s:
IP address:	192.168.0.52
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1
Obtain DNS server address	automatically
O Use the following DNS service	ver addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.0.1
Alternate DNS server:	

Technical Specifications

Standards

- IEEE 802.11a
- IEEE 802.11n
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.3ab

Security

- WPA-Personal
- WPA2-Personal
- WPA-Enterprise
- WPA2-Enterprise

IEEE 802.11n (HT20/40)

- 216Mbps (450)
- 137.3Mbps (360)
- 130.7Mbps (270)
- 115.6Mbps (240)
- 72.2Mbps (150)
- 57.8Mbps (120)
- 28.9Mbps (60)
- 21.7Mbps (45) • 14.4Mbps (30) • 7.2Mbps (15)

• 195Mbps (405)

• 130Mbps (270)

• 86.7Mbps (180)

• 65Mbps (135)

• 43.3Mbps (90)

• 144.4Mbps (300)

Frequency Range

- 2.4GHz to 2.483GHz
- 5.15GHz to 5.825GHz

LEDs

• Power Internet

Operating Temperature

• 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)

Humidity

95% maximum (non-condensing)

Safety & Emissions

- FCC
- CE

Dimensions

- $\cdot L = 8.4$ inches
- \cdot W = 6.3 inches
- \cdot H = 1.4 inches

Warranty

• 2 Year

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

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CE Mark Warning:

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

FCC Statement:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTICE:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

Industry Canada Statement:

This device complies with RSS-210 of the Industry Canada Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

Ce dispositif est conforme à la norme CNR-210 d'Industrie Canada applicable aux appareils radio exempts de licence. Son fonctionnement est sujet aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) le dispositif ne doit pas produire de brouillage préjudiciable, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris un brouillage susceptible de provoquer un fonctionnement indésirable.

NOTE IMPORTANTE:

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.